

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. I., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1895.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1704.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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While this fight was in progress two men—Perry, a hackman, and Hickey, a prison guard—were having a pleasant time at Hotel and Fort street. Perry was just finishing up a two-days' spree when he met a friend, and they visited the ice cream parlors and got into an argument which ended in a row. The men clinched and got over near the show cases, but were pushed toward the door. As they were going out Perry, in some way, ran his hand through a window-

## FREE FOR ALL SCRAP.

Sakified Japanese Attack  
Hawaiians.

AND IN RETURN ARE SCOOPED.

Twenty Japanese Locked Up—Police-men Assailed—Japanese Show Fight—A Lively Scrimmage on Hotel Street—A Very Busy Night.

Yesterday the Japanese colony celebrated the anniversary of the Mikado's birthday. The real day for the anniversary was on Sunday, but circumstances forbid their having a real good time on the Sabbath, so they increased the consumption of two-bit saki behind cheaply-decorated screens and within the gaze of roguish little Japanese girls, who looked at them from their positions on the fans and panels that are so numerous in the homes of Japanese residents. The little brown girls, in real life in Honolulu, do not closely follow the patterns on the panels. But, on Monday, the conditions had changed and restraint was cast to the winds. Saki and soy were as free as champagne and beer on a Chinese new year's celebration. But about 10 o'clock the conditions were still further changed and the saki in the stomachs of the little brown men began to ferment. Their people had whipped the Chinese nation, and they were ready to assume control of affairs here upon the slightest provocation. They resented the entrance of Hawaiians or white people into their district, of which Beretania between Smith and Nuuanu is a part, in a manner entirely void of gentleness. About 9 o'clock their pent up joys and grievances effervesced when two men approached too near a window in a house where a show of some kind was in progress. The men were pushed away and they promptly resented the attack. Reinforcements came to the aid of the two Japanese who were anxious for a fight and then Officer Espinda took a hand and tried to separate the combatants. The fight then became general and the officer found himself overpowered. He blew his whistle for help and Lieutenant Needham came to his assistance. The commotion was so great that the crowd grew in proportion and Officer Espinda ran toward the police station followed by half a hundred Japs. One of the latter had a piece of 2x2 hardwood lumber in his hand and he attempted to use it. A telephone message was sent from the Commercial saloon to the police station that a riot was in force, and all of the reserves were ordered to the vicinity by Captain Robert Parker. When they arrived at the corner of Beretania and Smith streets they found the streets blocked and a general free-for-all fight in progress. Lieutenant Needham reached for one of the belligerent Japs, when an Englishman struck the officer over the head with a heavy cane. Needham grabbed both the Englishman and the Japanese and landed them in the station house. For twenty minutes the fight continued and the officers arrested the fighters and took them to the station house on a gallop. Some of the Japs were in a very battered condition. One of the natives who happened in the fight at the start was badly cut up and had to be taken to the hospital. A Japanese had some nasty knife wounds on his head and neck. Dr. Emerson was called in and treated the men for their injuries. At the round-up, when the men were brought up, there were eighteen Japanese, one Hawaiian and one Englishman behind the bars.

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pane and was badly cut on the left wrist. The men then adjourned to the Pantheon saloon and renewed their quarrel. Hickey knocked Perry down and Erving, a customs guard, interfered and received a punch in the nose for his pains. Officers came in and arrested Perry and Erving but Hickey disappeared. The men were locked up but Perry was afterward bailed out.

Lieutenant Wells, of the mounted patrol, during the fighting hour was sent to Kinau street to look after the peace of that neighborhood, but when he got there the fight was over and he bagged only one drunken Portuguese for driving his horse in a furious manner.

Take it altogether, the policemen and clerks had a real lively time during the night.

## THE NOVEMBER "PARADISE."

Another Excellent Number of the Local Monthly Magazine.

The November number of "The Paradise of the Pacific" is out; copies can be had this morning at the news stores. The number contains much interesting reading matter; the leading features are: A description of the Waianae Sugar Mill; an article on the attractions in Honolulu; a story of early days in this city by Thomas G. Thrum, and a sketch of the life of Chief Justice Judd, with a splendid picture of that official. The other half-tones are: Shore at Waianae; a scene on Nuuanu Avenue, and a picture of Lunalilo Tomb. The whole makes up an excellent and interesting number.

## Benefit to Mrs. Turner.

The C. A. S. S. Warrimoo brought news from Sydney yesterday of a benefit concert given in honor of Miss Annis Montague (Mrs. Charles Turner) sister of Messrs. C. M. and A. F. Cooke of this city. The idea of giving the concert was suggested by a prominent citizen of Sydney who expressed himself through the columns of the press. She was about to leave for Honolulu, where her husband, to whom she was devotedly attached, is buried. It was his opinion that one who had been with them so long as their favorite vocalist, and who had assisted so materially in the advancement of sound musical taste should be given some testimonial of the appreciation of the public. From this resulted the concert at the Lyceum theater in which, among other numbers, Miss Montague appeared in characters from various operas. Sir W. P. Manning delivered an address signed by the principal members of the joint committee of ladies and gentlemen, to the beneficiary Miss Montague. He also presented a very pretty necklace from the popular vocalist's pupils. Miss Montague will be here in a short time.

## A Couple of Accidents.

Yesterday was an unfortunate one for Kapaki, a native laborer, working on the front portion of Lewis & Co. and Hollister's drug store. He, with other men, were removing the scaffold. They were being hurried in their work and the board upon which Kapaki was standing slipped from its position, precipitating him to the ground. His head struck the stone pavement, with the result of quite a deep cut above the left ear. Kapaki was taken into Hollister's drug store, where his wound was dressed.

About 4 o'clock in the afternoon one of the masons, Sharpe by name, was standing on the concrete projection over the door when the piece broke and he fell to the ground, striking on a heavy piece of timber. He was picked up and carried into Benson, Smith & Co., owing to Hollister's door being boarded up, and his injuries examined. It was at first thought his ribs were broken, but fortunately this was not the case.

## Fine Delicacy.

She—"He is a man of the finest delicacy of feeling. I don't care what you say about him."

He—"That's so. He only touched me for a quarter when he might have made it a dollar."

As the diamond gains sparkle and value while being reduced in the cutting process, so the average ad may be more efficient by a discerning method of trimming down and polishing.—Printer's Ink.

## A GOOD APPOINTMENT

Judge Cooper, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

ASSUMES CHARGE WEDNESDAY.

A Prominent Solicitor in the East. Gradual Advancement in His Profession—Sketch of the Career of the Jurist—Meets with Approval, Etc.

Judge Henry E. Cooper retired from his position as Second Judge of the First Circuit Court yesterday and will at once assume the duties of his new office as Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Judge Magoon entered the court at 10 o'clock, preceded by Chief Justice Judd and Justice Frear, of



HON. H. E. COOPER, MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

the Supreme Court, and Judge Cooper. When court was opened the retiring officer addressed the attorneys present and announced his appointment to another department, at the same time thanking them and the officers of the court for the uniform kindness shown him during his term of office. Judge Magoon then advanced, and the Chief Justice administered the oath to him. General Hartwell then eulogized Judge Cooper in a short address.

When the speech-making was over the work of calling a jury began, and Judge Magoon opened the case of the Republic of Hawaii vs. George Houghtaling, for selling liquor without a license.

Henry E. Cooper, the new Minister of Foreign Affairs, was born in New Albany, Indiana, August 28, 1857. At the breaking out of the war his father entered the Northern Army, and Minister Cooper's mother took the children to her old home in Boston. The elder Cooper died shortly after he returned from the war, and Mrs. Cooper decided to remain in the East and educate the children. Henry attended the public schools in Boston and afterward studied law and was admitted to the bar there in 1879. He was at once appointed Assistant Solicitor of the Mexican Central and Atlantic and Pacific Railways, two roads at that time in course of construction and which were largely owned by Boston capitalists. When the California Southern Railway Company was organized Mr. Cooper was placed in charge and moved to San Diego, California. At the beginning of the "boom" in San Diego he was attorney for the Santa Fe R. R. Co., but resigned his position to organize an Abstract and Title Company.

In the summer of 1890 he visited Honolulu as the representative of a syndicate whose members wished to invest capital in the coffee industry here. He traveled over the various coffee districts, but the price asked for property was almost prohibitive, and he abandoned the idea, but decided to settle here and practice law. He returned to California and disposed of his business there and came back here with his family and, with a Mr. Stevens, organized the Hawaiian Abstract and Title Company, which was afterward incorporated and Mr. Cooper elected manager. He afterward applied and was admitted to practice in all the courts of Hawaii.

When the monarchy was over-

thrown in January, 1893, Mr. Cooper entered at once into the spirit of the thing and was made a member of the Committee of Safety, and when the plans of the then Provisional Government were complete he was selected by the committee to read the proclamation dissolving the Government. His demeanor at that time at once stamped him as a determined, fearless man and one who the Government could depend upon under any circumstances. When a vacancy occurred on the Bench soon after this Mr. Cooper was selected for the position. From that time until today he has been held in the highest esteem by the members of the Bar for the fairness of his decisions and the kindly manner in which he has considered their wishes. He was several times called upon to sit with the Supreme Court judges during the illness of Justice Hickerton and the opinions he has handed down in several important cases evince careful painstaking deliberations. He has devoted much time to the study of international law and his friends prophecy for him as satisfactory results in his new post as on the Bench.

## THE H. A. A. C. MEETING.

Officers Elected—Football For Thanksgiving.

A meeting of the H. A. A. C. was held in Y. M. C. A. hall last evening for the transaction of important business.

The following officers were chosen to serve for the next six months: Chas. Crane, president; Dave Crozier, vice-president; H. Hapai, secretary; Vida Thrum, treasurer; managing committee to consist of Cupid Kalanianoale, George Angus and Ruby Dexter.

The following new members were elected: George Clarke, Isaac Cockett, L. Say and T. Cummins.

The treasurer's report showed the club in excellent condition with all bills paid and a balance of \$110 in the treasury.

Football is a go and it will start right from the ranks of the H. A. A. C. too. The boys are not in favor of waiting any longer for outside teams to decide to play. They made arrangements last night to make up two teams from Honolulu boys to play on Thanksgiving Day and give football enthusiasts a chance to yell, wave canes, toot tin horns and wear large sized chrysanthemums. Carlos Long and Louis Singer were appointed captains with instructions to proceed at once with the work of collecting available football material. So thoroughly had these two men become enthused with the football spirit that they began to make up their team immediately after the meeting. The choice of Messrs. Long and Singer is considered a good one by the H. A. A. C. boys. For coolheadedness and quickness of decision, so necessary in football playing, the two men mentioned are unsurpassed in the ranks of the club.

Messrs. Crozier, Chas. Crane and George Angus were appointed a committee of three to revise the constitution of the club. This was considered necessary on account of the introduction of bicycle racing in the list of athletic contests of the club.

## HOW TO PREVENT CROUP.

SOME READING THAT WILL PROVE INTERESTING TO YOUNG MOTHERS HOW TO GUARD AGAINST THE DISEASE.

Croup is a terror to young mothers and to them concerning the cause, first symptoms and treatment is the object of this item. The origin of croup is a common cold. Children who are subject to it take cold very easily and croup is almost sure to follow. The first symptom is hoarseness; this is soon followed by a peculiar rough cough, which is easily recognized and will never be forgotten by one who has heard it. The time to act is when the child first becomes hoarse. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is freely given all tendency to croup will soon disappear. Even after the croupy cough has developed it will prevent the attack. There is no danger in giving this remedy for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.



## MORE THAN SATISFIED.

Honolulu People Inspect New High School Building.

DEDICATED TO EDUCATION.

Songs by Scholars and Words of Advice from Many Friends—High Appreciation of Mr. Bishop's Philanthropy—Remarks of President, Etc.

The assembly room of the new High School building was crowded to the doors Friday afternoon with the fathers and mothers—mostly mothers, of the city and the many friends advancing educational interests in this city. It was the occasion of the formal dedication of the once beautiful residence of Princess Ruth to the cause of education.

Many were the remarks of praise passed upon the wisdom and good



THE LATE PAUHAH BISHOP.

fortune of the Board of Education in gaining this beautiful site for a permanent home of the educators who supply the young idea of this country with the best fruit at the disposal of the modern pedagogues. The only regret passed by the older heads was that they couldn't go to school again and enjoy the pleasures of school life amidst these beautiful surroundings.

The crowds began to gather early and long before the band had completed the opening half hour. The late comers were thankful to get a place at the windows or a corner in the balcony where the speakers could be heard. President Dole and members of the Board of Education occupied the seats of honor about the temporary rostrum, before which the scholars were assembled in a body. Professor M. M. Scott opened the exercises with a short address of welcome, followed by a song by the school, "Firmly We Stand." The singing was led by Mrs. Tucker and the rendering of the song was proof positive of the excellence of the musical instruction which is fast becoming one of the prominent features of the daily routine of school life. Next came the recitation of Oliver Wendell Holmes' poem, "The Chambered Nautilus," by Miss King.

The following address of welcome was delivered by Miss Girvin:

PRESIDENT DOLE AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION:

In behalf of the former pupils of Fort-street school, I take great pleasure in rendering to you our most hearty thanks in obtaining for us a building so desirable and suitable in all respects for a high school.

The building, with its wide hallways, its large, well-lighted and well-ventilated rooms, and its beautiful grounds, is as cool and comfortable as we could wish, and although it may be one of the warmest summer days without, yet all within is cool and delightful, and often do we echo the remark: "Ruth builded better than she knew."

Let me call your attention to the beautiful grounds, which, with their numerous flowers, shrubs and shade trees, and last, but not least, fruit trees, are among the finest of Honolulu's beautiful gardens. We liken them to Eden, and when the time shall have arrived for us to depart from "our Eden" we shall carry away with us nothing but pleasant remembrances of our school days.

If there are those who, because of fond memories of past grandeur and the memory of that much loved and honored lady, Mrs. Bishop, feel that to turn the building and grounds into school premises is something akin to sacrilege, let me assure them that the pupils will always remember the former occupants and the place will remain a monument to their memories.

In closing, let me state that every precaution will be taken to preserve the building and grounds in the condition in which they were found. I trust that every pupil will feel it his duty to aid the teachers in doing so and in the years to come the same care will be taken by the younger classes. Again we would join in thanking you for your beneficence and accord to you and to all interested in our welfare a most hearty welcome.

Professor Scott, who acted as master of ceremonies, then introduced

Professor Alexander, the president of the Board of Education. Professor Alexander said:

MR. PRESIDENT, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: Having been requested to make a few remarks on this occasion, I take pleasure in tendering my sincere congratulations to the honored principal, his associate teachers and their pupils on the auspicious commencement of this school. Our thanks for this grand building and these beautiful grounds are chiefly those, first, to the trustees of the Bishop estate, who consented to their transfer at less than half their money value in consideration of the fact that they were to be devoted to educational purposes, and, second, to the far-seeing liberality of the Government, which looked beyond the present to the future needs of this growing city and to the fuller development of our system of public schools.

"In its old quarters on Fort and School streets this school, under the able administration of your present principal, had earned a reputation which extended beyond the confines of this little country. It has always been a pride and pleasure to me to visit it. But it was cramped, confined and confined. It had no chance to expand and enlarge its powers of usefulness. It was time for it to leave its low-voiced past and enter into a more 'stately mansion.' Like a seedling tree, we have transplanted it from its box and set it out where it can strike its roots deep and stretch out its branches far and wide and bear fragrant blossoms and rich fruit for the delight and blessing of mankind.

"Probably many persons are not aware that even in its former quarters this school already included in its course the studies usually pursued during the first year or two of a high school course. It was then an incipient high school without knowing it. It reminds one of the good woman who was greatly distressed because she was a sinner. 'Oh, dear, such an awful sinner, such a wicked sinner, and to think that I have lived all these years and never found it out before.' 'Voice heard from the old cook in the kitchen—'Laws, I know it all de time!'

"There may be some fault-finders who consider this stately mansion, so remarkably adapted to its present purpose, too palatial and luxurious for a school. I answer, we do well to honor the kind of work that is done here. The masterpiece of Greek architecture, and perhaps of all architecture, the Parthenon, was dedicated to the goddess of wisdom. To say nothing of the United States, even in lately emancipated Bulgaria, there may be found in every village a new two-storied building, contrasting in every respect with the surrounding cottages. It is the primary school, while the finest building in Philadelphia is the Girls' High School.

"We hope, however, that this building will be through mite, an eloquent advocate for better accommodations for the children in other ill-planned and crowded schools, and that the contrast between them, which is now so glaring, will ere long be lessened, if not removed.

It is true that fine clothes do not make a gentleman or a lady, and that elegant buildings and even ample libraries and cabinets do not of themselves produce superior men and women. Some of the greatest men that have ever existed, began their education in log school houses, where they sat on rough slabs hewn out by the woodman's axe. 'As the body without the spirit is dead,' so is any school that lacks the love of knowledge, the generous emulation and the comrades who are associated in the common pursuit of noble ends.

"But, my dear friends, we confidently expect that your future course will be worthy of the excellent beginning which you have made. We hope that these beautiful surroundings will not fail to have a refining and elevating influence upon you, that you will make a point of honor to scrupulously respect them and preserve them unharmed, as we are pleased to know that you have done. More than this, we hope that you will make your daily conduct correspond to your 'environment,' (as is the fashion to call it), that these grand halls may never witness scenes unworthy of them, that here you may exemplify the kindly motto, 'noblesse oblige,' and that sound scholarship may go hand in hand with truth and purity and 'love unfeigned.' There was a most appropriate text inscribed on the magnificent peristyle at the chief entrance of the White City, 'Ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free,' a sentiment worthy to be placed over the portal of any building dedicated to learning.

"Remember that wisdom is far greater and higher than mere knowledge, and that character is the most precious of all possessions. As Emerson says, 'Hithe your wagon to a star,' and leave all sordid, selfish and sensual aims with the 'low-voiced past.' And as the coming years roll by, may these halls become historic, rich in their associations with the honored names of the good and true men and women who shall have gone forth from hence to lead a hand! In every good work from love to God and to their fellow men.

"Such a man was the author of the beautiful poem, to which we have just listened with such pleasure, and which was exemplified in his own beneficent life. The naturalist may criticize the scientific theory contained in these verses, but he cannot deny their beauty or the grandeur of the spiritual truth contained in the closing stanza. To us it has a deeper significance from the fact that the beloved author has so recently gone to join the 'immortal choir.'

"Leaving his outgrown shell by life's unresting sea."

President Dole made a short but interesting address to the pupils. He remarked with pleasure that the building erected for a palace had been found better for a school house, but he would impress upon the scholars that they must not think that because they have a nice house with spacious rooms and comfortable desks that they could gain an education with less hard work. The poor boys and girls in the log school houses had to hustle for an education; so the boys and girls of Honolulu, though their opportunities were improved, were in duty bound to make the most of their opportuni-

ties; they must "hustle" with as much enthusiasm as did those who were obliged to study on their daily lessons before the big fire place of the old-time country home. Education is the building of character; it is like building a house that must go up plank by plank with careful attention to each item. There is no royal road to success in education; it is climbing the hill of science. There must be no digression to side issues, but steady and honest toil day by day. The President told an amusing story of his boyhood life on Kauai. He was off one day with a party of boys, only two of whom were so fortunate as to possess the joy and pride of every boy's heart, a pair of top boots. During their wandering they came to a stream that could not be forded, so it was decided to jump the stream. The barefooted boys made the space successfully and landed high and dry on the other side. When it came to the two boys with the boots, they fell short and stuck in the middle of the stream. Thus it was that the best of circumstances were not always a guarantee of success. Riches were often the greatest misfortune to the youth. "Whoever saw many rich boys and girls that amounted to much of anything?" Some girls have their heads full of parties, beads and novels when they ought to be paying close attention to their studies. "Boys and girls going to school have no right to read novels."

The President closed by offering congratulations to the scholars, their teachers, the Board of Education, and the people of the city for the good



HON. CHAS. R. BISHOP.

work that had been done in the past, which he believed would be continued. He believed the boys and girls would appreciate that the new school building with its development along modern lines was a good opportunity and would make the best of it. If they could fail they could not blame the Board of Education or their teachers for it.

The following allegory was delivered by Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, one of the lady members of the Board: Surely every girl and boy present has studied geography, some a very little, others a great deal, but it is doubtful if any of them can give the exact geographical location of a certain hill, that belongs to no regular mountain chain, but is nevertheless a hill that was well known to the ancients, and one that has occupied a prominent place in the world's affairs since society began in the garden of Eden.

Who will tell in what country of the earth we can find the "Hill of Knowledge"? Is it to be found in any one of earth's many lands? Every country has its share in contributing to the resources of this famous hill, yet it calls no one grand division its native land. Rising even to the skies it borders on every sea, and spreads through every latitude. From every point of its world wide circumference it may be ascended, therefore, we lift our eyes and know that here, in beautiful Hawaii, some of the outlying slopes, the entrancing vales and restful heights of this noted hill have their home.

Today we find as we essay a closer acquaintance with its peculiarities that the lowlands at its base are divided into beautiful gardens where the little children are allowed full possession. Here they sing and frolic, dig and water, mow and rest. Here they play with thoughts, and pave their little garden paths with words to be remembered all their lives. Chasing the bees and butterflies, following the songs of birds, their eyes see the lovely lands rising gently from their gardens; and filled with sights just as delightful as those with which they have so soon become familiar. What boy or girl does not like to climb, especially rising ground, and see how things look a little higher up?

It used to seem as if the ways of wisdom were very hard to travel, they were steep and so crooked. Huge boulders blocked the way; dense jungles waited and discouraged the toiler; low on the sides of the hill steep clouds that obscured the possibilities of achievement. In proportion to the labor necessary, greater nerve and sterner stuff seemed requisite then to accomplish even a partial ascent to this famous hill. But in the present age of system and organization, from blooming plain to shadowy summit each steep is graded for the climbing feet. In like proportion, however, the growing minds can scarce keep pace with rising ground. Wider the range at every step, higher the stretch of mountain top is sight, keener the thirst for the fountain by the way, calling for the more constant, vigorous effort of all who mount.

The resources of this "Hill of Knowledge" are endless. Beyond the slopes where the primary foundation work is done by the young explorer, lie regions of unimagined wealth of fact and thought, waiting to be discovered by each earnest student. The wild flowers by the way, the sedge grass in the streams, the vales replete with ferns and shining noes; the trees, grand in their wealth of fruit and leaf, spiky and costly perfume; the treasures of shells that hide beneath the shade; the life which peoples all this beautiful world, from tiniest insect to the lords of forest and monarchs of the crag; the wondrous rocks that form the base on which the mountains rest, the record of the ages since the world began, engraved upon the inner tablets, and read only by the tireless geologist; the hidden wealth of minerals stored by the Creator for the

needs of all coming time; the mysterious forces held in check by powerful agents, waiting the magic touch of knowledge to release them and make them torments or blessings to the world—these are but few of the wonderful things to be had for the finding on this well known hill.

Though the paths are graded now to every need, still there are many of them, and they wind and cross each other in a bewildering way. Down into the very heart of the earth they lead, where one looks for baby earthquakes and spirits of dynamite; back they come, through valleys drenched with mist, where the explorer is sure of finding the "pot of gold" at the end of the flash, where the radiant air and perfect atmosphere set the photographer wild with the possibilities of producing Nature; across the burning sands of Sahara they trail, where the arch deceiver, mirage, whistles the traveler from hope to death and despair; down to the bounds of the sea they sweep, and the awful majesty of the deep, the ceaseless tides that flood and sweep, the treasures wrested from their sleep and strewn a harvest each may reap, overwhelm the student. Yet beyond the ocean the fascinated scholar speeds, and less than "twenty thousand leagues" brings him to the "Isles of the Blest," the "Garden of the Gods." He will can believe he has almost reached the "land of the hereafter," as he visits climes where the Muses dwell, hears the songs that have been sung by the inspired since the world began, stands within the shadow of the sculptured treasures of the past, and lives the thoughts that have been moulded for him in marble. Art, with her thousand modes of expression, meets the eager traveler at every turn. Where master hands have wrought, the hands of coming masters are free to find new inspirations, fresh lights, original interpretations.

And still the paths ascend. Now mountain heights they climb. Amid the eternal snows are they to be lost? Ah, no. The flying clouds are fairy trails across the unfathomable blue; the highest arch of the rainbow a resting place, ere yet we reach out to the stars, and still beyond the stars the measureless vault of creation waits the reverent student of truth—whose only limit is the heart of God.

Not by a single bound do we reach the heights of this grand old hill. Step by step, though the way is long, do we leave the gentle slopes and come to the fair uplands and sharper climbs. Today we look for a moment upon the lads and lassies who are lodged in a "palace beautiful," while they roam the country round gleaming the knowledge to be found at this stage of their lives. It has been said there is no "royal road to learning."

Surely we are tempted to differ as we look at these princely walls and regal settings. Will the spirit of knowledge thrive as sturdily here as in plain housing? Will these lofty halls become truly classic halls, and all the lines of thought and study that are to be wrought into the immortal fabric of the mind receive the same attention that was wont to be given in the little red school house of long ago? Aye, we believe so. The spirit of the royal woman who exchanged this earthly palace for a heavenly must linger in these corridors and breathe in each assembly room. Royal in wisdom, judgment, heart and love for others, as she was in blood, the spirit of knowledge will find a kindred one within these walls. Here, surely, the ways of wisdom will be those of pleasantness. Happy Hawaii in this proof of her advancing intelligence; happy children who through these halls and go in and out in the pursuit of knowledge. You are the first of the long procession of youth who will pass this way as they climb the ancient hill. It is your privilege to fix the standard of this institution so high that those who come after will find it hard to carry it higher.

Let your names ever be High on the rolls of honor found, Champions for knowledge pure and sound.

Honest in purpose, effort, zeal, Striving with credit work to seal, True to the core in thought and deed, Training to fill Earth's greatest need, Strong be your hands the right to hold, Loyal the thoughts your hearts unfold, Better the world for each young life, Surer its peace and less its strife, Governed by laws of "Golden Rule" God bless for aye our first High School.

The closing address was delivered by Inspector General Atkinson: "The establishment of a Government high school in Honolulu marks another milestone in the educational progress of Hawaii. During the twenty-six years of my residence and constant intimate connection with educational matters here, I have seen a marked advance throughout the group. Especially has there been an improvement during the last decade. New school houses have been built, better educational centers have been established. A uniformity of system has been adopted. The personnel of the teaching force has been much improved. Twenty years ago there were but 755 children in school; a year ago there were 11,307, and at the present moment I calculate we have over 12,000. The education throughout the group is now, practically, entirely in English. The so-called common school, or school taught in Hawaiian, is dead.

"On the island of Niitau there is one such school; Kauai, Oahu, Maui and Lanai are educated entirely in English. On Hawaii there are two; these number at the outside fifty pupils. The trend of education there is directly to the High School, and from the High School to the University. I hope to see the day when our High School will be affiliated with the University of California.

"President Keliing, whom I saw in August of this year, held forward hopes of this in the future. Under the able management of Prof. Scott, this institution should soon be in a position to ask for this, and obtain it. There is only one thing about this High School that I regard as detrimental to its progress. This is, that it is a pay school—one of the greatest blots on my own country, England, so that higher education is costly.

"The poor man even if he obtain scholarships and exhibitions is severely hampered. One of the brightest stars on the escutcheon of the United

States is that the highest education is free to all. The poor man's son or daughter mingle freely and on equality with the offspring of the millionaire and has the same educational facilities. This breeds the true republican spirit; exclusiveness in higher education breeds exclusive classes, and that of all things we, who have founded and are building up a Republic in the broad Pacific, which we hope will be a beacon light to other like communities, should avoid as we would a plague.

"I look, and I know many look with me to the next legislature to right this wrong and following the example of the United States, to throw open the highest education we can give free to all, without the trammel of money paying free to the very poorest in the land, free to all no matter of what race or color the applicant may be."

After the singing of the Dedication hymn composed by Philip H. Dodge and set to music by Mrs. A. B. Tucker, the visitors were invited to inspect the buildings and grounds, which have proved to be so well adapted to school work and the comfort and pleasure of scholars and teachers. The exercises passed off very pleasantly and were a most fitting introduction to the good work that has been accomplished by the Board of Education.



Carrie Orena King

## Save the Children

By Purifying Their Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Pure Blood, Cures Scrofula, Etc.

"My experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla has been very effective. My little girl, five years old, had for four years a bad skin disease. Her arms and limbs would break out in a mass of sores, discharging yellow matter. She would scratch the eruptions as though it gave relief, and tear open the sores.

Two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla caused the eruptions to heal and the scars peeled off, after which the skin became soft and smooth. As a family medicine Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best.

**HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES**

We believe Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal and recommend it. W. L. KING, Bluff Dale, Tex.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

## Baby's Happiness

depends on good health. If it gets proper food, it is a jolly, laughing, good tempered baby. If the food lacks any of the essential elements of an infant food, baby is going to have a hard time of it.

## Bartlett's Food

from wholesome grain has been carefully prepared, and gives universal satisfaction. Its a perfect infant food, containing vitalizing and brain producing elements.

HOBSON DRUG CO. Agents. GILMAN BROS., BOSTON.

## NOTICE

Wilder's Steamship Co., (LIMITED.)

## CHANGE IN SAILING.

The Steamer "KINAU" will sail at 10 a. m., instead of at 2 p. m. as formerly. No freight received after 8 a. m. on day of sailing.

The Steamer "CLAUDINE" will touch at Lahaina every trip in the future, up and down.

WILDER'S STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. Original and Only Genuine. COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The Immense Sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 38 Great Russell Street, London, W. C.



## POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH. ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RENOWNED NISSED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the world has made it the most famous of all cough remedies.

20,000 CHEMISTS SELL IT. Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled COUGH REMEDY. Its large sale throughout the world has made it the most famous of all cough remedies.

COSENS THE PHEGEM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY RELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER. See the words "Thomas Powell, Blackfriars Road, London, E.C. 4, on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1834. SQUATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT OMIT THIS TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH. POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALASIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND CAPE COLONIES.

Agents for Honolulu, HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, L.D.

## AYER'S Hair Vigor

RESTORES COLOR AND PROMOTES Abundant Growth OF THE HAIR. It cures itching humors, and keeps the scalp cool, moist, healthy and free from dandruff.



A lady writes: "I feel compelled to state, for the benefit of others, that six years ago I lost nearly half of my hair, and what was left turned gray. After using Ayer's Hair Vigor several months, my hair began to grow again, and with the natural color restored."

Ayer's Hair Vigor PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U.S.A.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name "Ayer" is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each of our bottles.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

## COPPERPLATE PRINTING

AT GAZETTE OFFICE.



**DR. JOHN W. BRODIE.**

Expires Suddenly at Waikiki Home.

**FROM HEMORRHAGE OF BRAIN.**

Like the Snuffing of a Candle, His Life Went Out—The End of a Brilliant Career—Funeral Services will Take Place This Afternoon at 2 O'Clock.

(From Monday's Daily.)  
Dr. John W. Brodie, the eminent physician, died at his Waikiki residence at 11 o'clock Saturday night. Dr. Brodie was born in the province of Quebec, Canada, March 7, 1853, and was educated in the common schools in Montreal. When he reached the age at which



THE LATE DR. JOHN W. BRODIE.

his business course in his life was considered, he selected medicine as a profession and began his studies at McGill University, from which institution he was graduated. He began practicing in Montreal, but realizing the necessity for greater knowledge in his profession he went to England, taking courses in medicine and surgery in the best colleges in London, Paris and Berlin, and was awarded diplomas in each institution. While abroad he associated himself with the staff of a leading college in Edinburgh.

He came to Honolulu about eighteen years ago and associated himself with Dr. Miner. He remained there while Dr. Miner went to Europe, and on his return Dr. Brodie opened an office for himself and very quickly built up a large practice. His list of patients grew so large that his health broke down and he decided to give up his profession to a certain extent and devote some portion of his time to rest, and with this in view he invested largely in a ranch property near Waialua. This not proving successful, after a few years he sold out his interests, gave up his practice and moved to San Francisco, and after resting for a short period he began practicing. His reputation as a physician and surgeon had gone before him and he soon found that the demand for his services was quite as large in San Francisco as it had been in Honolulu and his chances for regaining his lost health no better. After a two years residence in San Francisco he yielded to the pressure of old friends and patients in Honolulu and returned. His success during the past three years was so marked as when he was here before and he gave so much time to his patients that he neglected his own health. The only relaxation he has had was when he would take a short trip to the Coast, usually returning by the same steamer.

He returned from one of his periodical visits by the China last week so broken in health that he declined to take any cases, preferring rest at his Waikiki residence. Saturday he spent a few hours at his town office, but returned early to the beach. After dinner he sat with some friends until after 8 o'clock, and it was remarked that he was in better spirits than usual. At a quarter to 9 he bade his friends good night, and picking up a favorite cat retired to his room. A few minutes later one of the nurses heard a heavy fall and she ran upstairs to ascertain the cause. On reaching the upper landing she found Dr. Brodie lying on his face in the hall and unconscious. He had removed his coat and vest and collar preparatory to retiring, and it is supposed that he felt the attack and went out into the hall to call assistance.

Physicians were summoned at once, but on their arrival they saw that he was beyond their aid. He never regained consciousness and at 11 o'clock he passed away, the im-

mediate cause being hemorrhage at the base of the brain.

He has relatives in Canada and a sister living in San Francisco. On his desk in his town office yesterday was a sealed envelope addressed to his brother who resides in Smiths Falls, Ontario. He has no relatives here.

The funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from his Waikiki residence. Bishop Willis will officiate.

**FREE KINDERGARTEN.**

Reports of the Work—"Great Oaks from Acorns Grow."

Pamphlets containing the constitution, by-laws, charter, list of officers, committees, contributors and reports of the financial secretary and treasurer of the Free Kindergarten and Children's Aid Association, have just been issued to the officers, committees and contributors of that organization. In it is contained the following instructive historical statement:

Free kindergarten work in Honolulu was first taken up in 1892 through the efforts of Mr. Frank W. Damon in connection with his Chinese Mission schools. A Hawaiian kindergarten under the auspices of the Woman's Board of Missions was opened in January, 1893, in the basement of Queen Emma Hall.

Another, for the little Portuguese children, was opened on Wilder street in the following April; and in September of the same year, at Queen Emma Hall, a Japanese kindergarten was started for the little ones of that nationality.

Early in 1894 a new interest was developed in this important branch of philanthropic work. The public generously responded to the efforts made for its enlargement, and a kindergarten department of the Woman's Board of Missions was organized in March of that year.

The enlargement of this work during the first year of its organization and the desire to broaden the basis of its membership seemed to justify its separation from the mother society, and a new and distinct organization was consequently formed in June, 1895.

This has now been incorporated under the name of "The Free Kindergarten and Children's Aid Association of the Hawaiian Islands," for the purpose of carrying on this educational work more effectively, and also that it may be able to extend necessary help to needy and destitute children in the future, as the increasing demands of a growing community may call for.

Thus this organization is able to hold in its own right the memorial fund of \$10,000 which was donated for kindergarten work in the fall of last year by Mrs. S. N. Castle for herself and family.

It is hoped that additional funds may in the future be devoted to the carrying on of this most important enterprise for the uplifting of childhood and so of humanity.

**Funeral of Mrs. Rachel F. Soares.**

There was a large attendance at the Central Union Church yesterday afternoon. The wife of the pastor of the Portuguese church died suddenly Saturday morning. Many are the friends her humble fidelity, wise helpfulness and devoted piety have won for her in her brief residence in Honolulu. The body of the church was filled by the Portuguese congregation. Members of the Woman's Board and the Free Kindergarten Association occupied one side of the audience room, and other friends filled the remainder of the audience room. Rev. D. P. Birnie conducted the services; Mrs. A. F. Judd presided at the organ. The floral tributes were numerous and elaborate. The singing was in Portuguese, Rev. O. P. Emerson offered prayer, and Mr. Ernest Silva interpreted the memorial address of Rev. Dr. Hyde.

Mrs. Soares was the daughter of John Ignatius and Mary Augusta Fernandez. She was born in Springfield, Illinois, February 7, 1862, to which place her parents (who were converts to Protestantism), moved when they left Madeira to settle in the new world. She was married to Mr. Soares in 1883, and, with him, came to Honolulu about five years ago and entered into special religious work among the Portuguese. The church of which her husband is pastor is a monument to their untiring work among their countrymen and women.

Throughout her life her course was marked with piety, and for it she was loved by everyone with whom she came in contact.

Good advice: Never leave the house on a journey without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

**NOW IT'S JUDGE MAGOON**

To Succeed Judge Henry E. Cooper.

**COMMISSION TO BE SIGNED TODAY.**

Judge Cooper to be Minister of Foreign Affairs—Mr. Hatch to Leave on Wednesday—A Sketch of the New Judge's Life—Bookkeeper to Bench.

(From Monday's Daily.)  
J. Alfred Magoon has been selected by the Executive to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of Judge H. E. Cooper to the post of Minister of Foreign Affairs. Judge Magoon is one of the best known of the young men practicing at the bar. He is thoroughly versed in laws and there seems to

J. ALFRED MAGOON.  
Who will succeed Judge Cooper in the 1st Circuit Court.

be no doubt of his ability to fill the position impartially and with becoming dignity.

Judge Magoon was born in Algona, Kossuth County, Iowa, July 22, 1858, but soon his family moved back to their old home in Maine and Alfred had an opportunity to take coasters down the highest hills in the vicinity of his home every winter during the next nine years. But his father was then a young man and California offered greater inducements to him than did Maine, and he moved out there and the young man was placed in Heald's Business College remaining there until 1874 when he was graduated. He entered mercantile life immediately, filling the position of bookkeeper with several well known firms. He was engaged for a time in the office of the Santa Rosa Democrat where he learned the "art preservative."

His parents moved to Honolulu in 1876, and their son joined them shortly afterward and secured a position as bookkeeper on the Halstead plantation at Waialua, on this island. It was during this engagement that he decided to adopt law as a profession, and spent what spare time he had from his books in reading Blackstone and Chitty.

He remained on the plantation for a year and then entered the office of Benjamin H. Austin, where he remained for a year, when his straitened finances compelled him to abandon it for the more lucrative position of deputy sheriff at Makawao, Maui. He afterward resigned and took the position of bookkeeper at Paia Mill and pursued his study of the law as the opportunity was offered. In 1883 he resigned and went to Ann Arbor University, where he took a law course. Upon his graduation two years later he returned to Honolulu and was admitted to the bar.

He has, perhaps, the largest practice of any of the members of the Honolulu bar, and it was this fact that compelled him to refuse the judgeship when he was first called upon to take it.

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Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

**HAY AND GRAIN**

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

**CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY**

Nuuanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 124.

**BEAUTY AND PURITY**

Go hand in hand.  
They are the foundation of health and happiness;  
Health because of pure blood;  
Happiness because of clear skin.  
Thousands of useful lives have been embittered by torturing, disfiguring humors.



**CUTICURA REMEDIES**  
Are the greatest of skin purifiers  
As well as blood purifiers.  
Because of their peculiar action on the PORES  
They are successful in preventing and curing all forms of Skin, Scalp, and Blood humors,  
When the best physicians fail.  
Pure, sweet, gentle, and speedily effective,  
They especially appeal to mothers and children.  
Their use at all seasons insures a clear skin and pure blood,  
As well as sound bodily health.

**Bad Complexions**  
Sluggish action of the pores also causes the complexion and skin to become dark, yellow, oily, and mothy, giving rise to pimples, blackheads, roughness, redness, falling hair, and facial blemishes. The only reliable preventive is Cuticura Soap, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as the purest and sweetest for toilet and nursery.  
**CUTICURA REMEDIES** are sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA RESOLVENT, \$1; CUTICURA, 25c; SOAP, 25c. BENSON SMITH & CO., Honolulu, H. I.  
"All about the Skin and Blood," 72 pages, 100 testimonials, post-free.

**For Twenty Years**

We have been tailoring at moderate prices.

Twenty years of experience to profit by.

Our KNOWLEDGE of CLOTHES for STYLE, FIT, and WORKMANSHIP, have stood the test as the liberal patronage we have received assures us of that fact.

We have just received our fall stock of woolens, which we are offering at prices that will astonish you.

**H. S. TREGLOAN & SON.****Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.**

G. N. WILCOX, President. T. MAY, Auditor.  
J. F. HACKFELD, Vice-President. E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.  
P. O. BOX 484. MUTUAL TEL. 467.

OUR NEW WORKS AT KALIHI being completed we are now ready to furnish all kinds of

**Artificial Fertilizers.**

ALSO CONSTANTLY ON HAND,  
Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia,  
Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer,  
Salts, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist  
ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.  
For further particulars apply to

**PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.**

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

**JUST RECEIVED, MANILA CIGARS,**

A Large Invoice,

FROM THE

**MOST RELIABLE FACTORIES.****Hollister & Co., TOBACCONISTS.****H. Hackfeld & Co.**

Are just in receipt of Large Importations by their iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. C. Pfleger" from Europe and by a number of vessels from America consisting of a

**Large and Complete Assortment****OF DRY GOODS**

SUCH AS  
Prints, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings,  
Denims, Tickings, Regatta Drills,  
Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

**DRESS GOODS, ZEPHYRS, ETC.,**

In the Latest Styles.  
A Splendid Line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

**TAILORS' GOODS.**

A Full Assortment.  
Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Sew Linen, Italian Cloth, Molesters, Meltons, Serge, Kammergarns, etc.

**Clothing, Underwear, Shawls.**

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroidery, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, etc.

**A Large Variety of Saddles,**

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining and Sofa Planos, Iron Bedsteads, etc., etc.  
American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Caustic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages, Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease, Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron, best and 1 best; Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails, 18 and 20; Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates, Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks.

ALSO  
HAWAIIAN SUGAR AND RICE,  
Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour,  
Salmon, Corned Beef, etc.

For sale on the most liberal terms and at the lowest prices by

**H. HACKFELD & CO.****W. H. RICE, Stock Raiser and Dealer****BREEDER OF FINE HORSES AND CATTLE**

From the Thoroughbred  
Standard-bred Stallion Nutwood, by Nutwood Jr.  
Norman Stallion Captain Grawl.  
Native-Bred Stallion Boswell.

**Also a Choice Lot of BULLS, COWS AND CALVES**

From the Celebrated Bulls  
Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham.  
A Lot of

**Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses****FOR SALE.****2 Pure-Bred Hereford Bulls For Sale.**

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring Single, Double or Four-in-Hand Teams of Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W. H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed to  
W. H. RICE, Lihue, Kauai.

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Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to  
THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.,  
Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line  
Canadian Pacific Railway.



AT GAZETTE OFFICE.



**Hawaiian Gazette.**

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

MONDAY, — NOVEMBER 5, 1895.

[From Monday's Daily.]

"MERGENTHALERS" IN USE.

The sun do move and though the Hawaiian Islands may be the "jumping off place" of the Pacific ocean, its leading publishing house the Hawaiian Gazette Company, takes no back seat in the line of modern progress. In its editorial columns this morning the ADVERTISER presents to its readers the first lines ever set upon a typesetting machine in the Hawaiian Islands. The ADVERTISER is the first paper in the Hawaiian Islands in which the type from a typesetting machine has ever been used and the Hawaiian Gazette Company is the first and only concern to introduce into this country the latest device for economical and rapid typesetting—and thereby hangs a tale.

The Hawaiian Gazette Company has purchased two Mergenthaler Linotypes of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company of New York City. One of these is now up and ready for business and its lines of type will soon grace the columns of the PACIFIC COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER, the HAWAIIAN GAZETTE, also the KUOKOA, and PLANTERS' MONTHLY, all being publications issued regularly from this office. Nothing succeeds like success and the Gazette Company is in line to win, by giving its patrons the benefit of the latest mechanical devices which bright inventive heads have thought out to aid the printer in supplying the demands of the public. In this instance, possibly, the public does not see where it comes in for the benefit, nevertheless newspaper readers appreciate a new dress of type that brings out the reading matter clean and clear every morning and does away with the poor impressions and general murky appearance given by type subject to years of wear and tear. The "Mergenthalers" give a new dress with every issue of the paper, and when the metal has once done its work in the press it is thrown back into the melting pot to come out again the next day as fresh and bright as newly cast type just from the foundry, thus giving the newspaper a neat appearance that is comforting and pleasing to the reader.

While the "Mergenthaler" is a "labor saving" machine to a certain extent, it is so in much the same sense as the railroads that did away with the employment of the stage driver, but gave him, as well as many others, employment at better wages in other and more acceptable lines of work. The machines are generally credited with taking the place of five men, yet wherever they have been put into use they have tended to increase the volume of work and also raise the rate of wages among those engaged in the printing trade.

This being the fact the Gazette Company looks with unalloyed gratification on its achievement in providing itself with a complete equipment for publishing its first class newspapers which have been the leading publications of this country, are the leading publications of this country and which will continue to be the leading publications of this country.

**MORMON MUSIC.**

It is a boast of the Mormons of Salt Lake City that they can produce with home talent, and more acceptably, any opera that the city of New York can produce. Visitors to that place state that there is good ground for the claim. The Mormon leaders have always encouraged musical education, and the great home-made organ has done much to encourage a musical taste. In this respect we have the singular fact that these polygam-

ists have established, in the mountains, a community in which the average musical education is probably higher than in any similar community in the Eastern States. Colonel Cockerel, the correspondent of the New York World, says, "the prettiest and sweetest natural girl I have seen for many years I was presented to at a Mormon dance."

The influence of Mormonism upon the character of the people of the Mountain States cannot be properly written for many years. That religion undoubtedly degraded the moral sense of the people who accepted it, but the influence of the new surroundings, the contact with Gentiles, and the development of the mining industries quickly modified it. Nor was polygamy practiced to the extent it has been represented.

**WAGES IN JAPAN.**

During his recent visit to Japan, W. N. Armstrong collected considerable material for a report on the labor and industries of Japan with the end in view of showing to what extent the prices and systems of labor may affect the relations of that country with these islands. It was the intention to incorporate the facts obtained in a report of the Labor Commission but the termination of the Commission by law prevented its presentation.

Consul General McIvor of Yokohama kindly favored him with the scale of wages prevailing in Japan. The foreign merchants also furnished statistics which show that the scale of wages is rising in that country, and it is the belief of those who are watching the industrial growth of that country, that before many years there will be a considerable advance in the wages of skilled labor. A number of the foreign business concerns in the treaty ports are gradually advancing the wages of certain employees, particularly those who become proficient in the foreign methods of doing business. The Japanese have never been a trading people, merchants for a long time being regarded as little better than thieves. Even today they are classed below the farmers. But in this as in many other ways the influence of the foreign merchants is gradually changing public opinion. The Japanese take kindly to the example set by progressive foreigners; they are quick to learn and always ready to accept instruction that will result in financial improvement. At the present time the real value of labor in manufacturing and commercial pursuits is unknown. It is the general belief, however, among those acquainted with the people, that there will be a gradual rise in wages. This will be brought about by economic laws. The effect of the late war with China was to rapidly increase the price of many articles and in not a few communities, the rate of daily wages. Should Japan adopt the gold standard, there would probably be a doubling of wages as reckoned on the silver standard which now prevails. It is to be hoped that Mr. Armstrong's report will be made public as the tendency of the labor market in the East is a matter of vital importance to the industrial future of this country.

The appointment of J. Alfred Magoon to succeed Judge Cooper in the Circuit Court will meet with the approval of the members of the legal fraternity as well as the people at large. Mr. Magoon has gained a reputation as one of the successful lawyers of the country, and although this is his first appointment to a judgeship, he is by no means untried in his position, having been called to the bench on cases in which the acting judge has been disqualified. Judge Magoon will hold the confidence of the people, as J. A. Magoon private citizen has done. The selection is a good one.

**Errors of Judgments.**

In judgment now I daily err,  
As cycles last me whirl;  
I daily call "Good morning, sir!"  
Then find it was a girl.

**"DEAD WEIGHTS" OF SOCIETY.**

"But" conservative newspapermen think that the Gazette Company is too previous in introducing the expensive linotypes." So says some one of the antediluvian oracles of an evening contemporary in a pleasant little notice of the latest advance step taken by the publishers of this paper. So far as this expression of opinion applies to the business affairs of the corporation referred to, we take it from whence it comes, like a kick from a jackass. The only thing that gives it any importance is the fact that in general tone it is a fair sample of the ideas of a small class of people with which this as well many other communities is unfortunately blessed; a class that wants to ride in stage coaches because their forefathers of the hamlet did; a class that always stands in the rear rank and croaks its doleful wail at every sign of progress that entails any diversion from the ancient mannerisms and customs of past years. This is the class that harps against the work of the Labor Commission, asserting in the wise and profound language of the water-logged pessimist, that a Labor Commission is useless in Hawaii, where the labor problems are of vital importance, notwithstanding every nation, state and municipality making any pretension of being awake to the questions of the hour regards the investigation of labor problems as one of the items demanding constant attention and careful investigation. It is a class that either dams with faint praise or openly "cries down" an aggressive move to develop new industries and build up the country by the introduction of active, progressive, intelligent men.

The satellites of this "Ancient-of-Days" clan, for want of a better name, call themselves "conservative." They are conservative in much the same sense that barnacles and sea weed constitute the conservative element in steam navigation. They are worse than a dead weight, as they gather all the moss and mildew in the close vicinity and are constantly looking for more. We don't know that there is any prospect of a revival among these people, but the experience of the past has shown that their gloomy vaporings are sooner or later forced to give way and the authors left to croak and mildew in their gloomy corners, while the world of progress goes on and forgets that they ever lived.

**QUINCY ON ANNEXATION.**

Josiah Quincy, the leading Democratic politician of Massachusetts, in his address before the recent State Convention held in Worcester said, that while some Republican leaders have shown a disposition to improve every chance to oppose the Administration in questions arising from the foreign relations of the United States, nothing but the Hawaiian question has yet been raised to the dignity of an issue. "The Democratic Administration is squarely opposed to the annexation of these islands with their mixed population and coolie labor system." Mr. Quincy further states that "There is no question involved as to whether American influence shall remain paramount in those islands, for that it must in any case continue to be; or as to whether any other government shall be allowed to acquire them, for we have declared that this cannot be permitted; nor is there any question as to the form of the Hawaiian Government."

He admits that American interests shall remain paramount; that no other nation will be allowed to take a hand in affairs, and that the problem to be faced regarding this country is simply a question of formal annexation, with all the difficult problems which that would raise, as opposed to the maintenance of the present status."

He goes on the principle that the people of this country have practically nothing to say in the matter; that our plan for annexation is simply a little side play and a matter of comparatively small im-

portance to us; that the United States can play the dog in the manger act as long as it pleases. Possibly Mr. Quincy is safe in his supposition, but we doubt it. The opportunity has been offered for the United States to clinch its hold on this country, and if it will not accept it the American people will sooner or later be obliged to take their chances for the future. Should the United States refuse to assist in laying a cable, the American politicians ought to have enough sound sense to realize that Hawaii will not continue to wait on them and forever refuse advances from other countries as has practically been done in the past. It is much the same with annexation. It is a plain, straightforward proposition, and if the United States will not accept our advances, the only thing that remains is to look elsewhere. This country cannot afford to jeopardize its interests to suit the fancy of any other nation. It is only a matter of a few years when the United States will be obliged to come to something more definite than its present attitude, and will be obliged to decide whether they will "take it or leave it."

**POSSIBILITIES OF SMALL INDUSTRY.**

M. Haller, the author of the report to the French Government on the chemical industries at the Chicago fair, declares that great changes are occurring in the industries in every country. He refers, among other things, to the new method of utilizing salt by electrolytic decomposition, in the manufacture of carbonate of soda, and bleaching powder. Much of the enormous wealth secured by the English manufacturers during the last hundred years was derived from cheap salt, coal and sulphuric acid.

These articles made the merchants kings of the chemical trade of the world. Although Germany and France are in competition with the English, they have been able to take away only a small part of the English trade.

If, however, the new electrolytic process is successful, it will create a revolution in manufacturing. It will be possible, even in this city, to use the cheap, solar-made salt in the manufacture of chemical supplies, provided the cost of electricity is reasonable. The absence of technical skill and trained labor makes it improbable that any scheme for the manufacture of these articles will be tried here at present. We merely suggest that the new discoveries in the arts may, at any time, and undoubtedly will, make it possible to increase the lists of diversified industries here.

It may be stated that, even now, several chemical industries of a minor character could be carried on here with profit, provided there was enterprise enough in the people to establish them. Thirty years ago it was said in an industrial convention, held in Philadelphia, that "it was, and would be, impossible to produce fine silk goods in the United States." Recently, a trade journal stated that an importer of Japanese silks said that when he wished to make a present of fine silk dress goods to anyone, he bought only American manufacture.

In a most proper manner the people of Honolulu have given formal voice to their appreciation of the improved educational facilities resulting from the purchase of the Bishop premises and the establishment of a first-class high school in this country. Aside from the good advice given the people and the children in the addresses made Friday, it should be remembered that in making the most of the opportunities which this new building affords, the children of this country are paying a tribute to the memory of Mr. and Mrs. Bishop. A return of faithful study, the building up of character of true manhood and womanhood is the price the former owners named for this country to pay, which should lead mothers, fathers, teachers and scholars to join forces to carry out the principle of their philanthropic ideas.

**EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN.**

Although many women are inclined to be erratic on the subject of their present inequality with the masculine gender, the last census of the United States gives figures which indicate that so far as earning their own living is concerned, the women have no reason to regard themselves as down-trodden. A comparative table of the women engaged in "gainful occupations" in 1880 and 1890 shows an increase that is almost startling, and judging from the remarks passed by some of the more enthusiastic reformers it would seem that there must be something wrong somewhere. The total of working people in 1890 was 22,735,661, of which 18,820,950 were males and 3,914,711 females. This is a gain of 1,267,554 women since 1880, or a rate of increase nearly three and one-half times as great as the increase of working men. During the decade ending with 1890 the women engaged as architects increased from 1 to 22; artists and teachers of art, 412 to 10,810; clergymen, 67 to 1235; lawyers, 5 to 208; Government officials, Federal, State and local, 414 to 4875; journalists, 35 to 888. In 1880 there were no lady chemists, engineers or veterinary surgeons, while the returns for 1890 give the women 46,177 and two representatives respectively in these occupations. There is not one of the leading professions in which the lady representatives have not increased over 200 per cent., and in many instances the increase reaches a much larger figure. The greatest interest which men have in these figures is the effect upon the price of labor, resulting from this unprecedented invasion of the women.

Mr. GLADSTONE, in a "message" to the American people, expresses the opinion that when the United States adopts free trade it will be the greatest commercial power of the world and will control 60 per cent of the world's carrying trade. While the opinion of the Grand Old Man is to be respected, it will be a long time before he can bring the American working people to acquiesce to his theory.

**Hopeless.**

"I have half a notion to give up trying to be a man," sighed the New Woman. "What!" shrieked the others. "There is no use trying. I have made the most strenuous efforts possible to feel half scared to death when I go into a dry-goods store, and I can't do it."

**Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair.  
Gold Medal—Midwinter Fair.**

**DR.  
PRICE'S  
CREAM  
BAKING  
POWDER**  
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.

**LEWIS & CO.,**  
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

**NOTICE  
—TO—  
COFFEE PLANTERS.**

Hulling and Cleaning Coffee.

We are prepared to handle COFFEE in the cherry and hull, with the latest improved machinery.

Send us your COFFEES, either direct or through your agents.

COFFEE taken from ship's side, hulled, cleaned and delivered to any designated warehouse in this city.

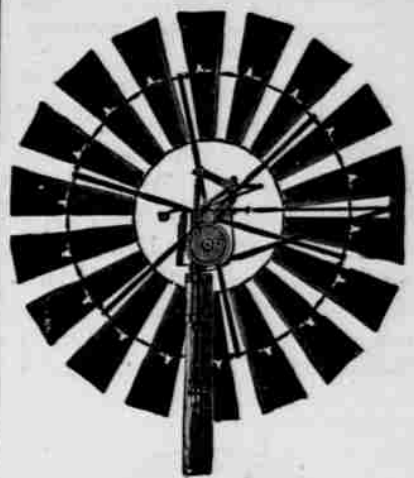
No charge for insurance and storage while COFFEES are in our mills.

**ATLAS COFFEE MILLS,  
SAN FRANCISCO.**  
J. A. FOLGER & CO.,  
Proprietors.

**Timely Topics**

THE  
**AERMOTOR**

—:— AND —:—

**Steel Tower.**

As pumping is one of the most common uses to which wind motors are put, the method of communicating motion to the pump is very important and has received our closest attention, and the defect created in most wind mills of racking themselves to pieces in a severe wind has been obviated in the Aermotor by means of back gearing, so that the wheel makes about three turns to one stroke of the pump or enough so that the wheel may run at its natural speed, unrestrained in any moderate wind, without doing violence to the pump or its connections. This enables us to give the pump a long stroke instead of the quick, jerky, short strokes of ordinary wind mills. This means that the valves are not worked so harshly in opening and closing and that the wear and tear is greatly diminished, while the piston rod speed is increased, and consequently the pumping capacity is increased. The back gearing, together with the extra holes for crank pins in the crank wheel also makes it possible to use with the Aermotor any ordinary size of pump cylinder. If a wind motor is not sensitive to the direction of the wind much of its efficiency is lost.

The ease with which a wind mill faces up to the wind depends on weight of the mill—the kind and condition of the bearings on which it pivots and the comparative leverage of wheel and tail. In the matter of leverage, the advantage enjoyed by the Aermotor over common wind mills will be made apparent by the fact that the center of the wheel is only twelve inches from the mast or center on which it turns while that of the best known wheel is thirty inches, requiring as is easily seen two and one-half times as long or large a tail to balance the same sized wheel. The Aermotor presents one half the surface to the wind; it is apparent that this other wheel must have five times the tail surface to make it face the wind equally well thereby greatly increasing the liability to wreck in a storm. The mere fact that we have placed 150 more Aermotors on the islands is sufficient guarantee of their superiority and desirability by those who want a motor that looks after itself.

THE  
**Hawaiian Hardware  
COMPANY, L'D.,**  
Opposite Spreckels' Bank,  
**307 FORT STREET.**



## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Read H. S. Tregloan & Son's advertisement in this issue.

The November of the Paradise of the Pacific is out.

Appointments to Tax Appeal Boards have been made.

E. O. Hall & Sons will have an annual meeting at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

A. S. Humphreys, attorney at law, has an office in the old capitol building, next the postoffice.

Miss Gould, sister of Mrs. H. P. Walton, left on the Warrimoo last night for her home in Seattle.

Miss Newman, head nurse at the Brodie Sanitarium, Waikiki, left for the Coast on the Warrimoo.

A business meeting of the committee on constitution and by-laws of the Tennis Association met for business last night.

Male descendants of veterans of the civil war in America are asked to meet at American League Hall, 7:30 p. m. Thursday.

Viscount Strindale, the Hon. W. L. Allardice and the Hon. George Smith were passengers for the Coast by the Warrimoo.

George P. Castle advertises his elegant residence on Kinohi for sale. The Hawaiian Safe Deposit Co. will answer all inquiries.

Registrar Ashley was in his office yesterday for the first time since his illness. He is still very weak and shows plainly the effects of his severe sufferings.

The Women's Board of Missions will hold their monthly meeting at 2:30 p. m. today at the Central Union Church. Theme: "Incidents in the Lives of Some Missionary Ladies in Hawaii," by Mrs. Robert Andrews.

There will be a meeting of the Flower Mission in Y. M. C. A. Hall this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The mission is talking of giving a fair in the near future to raise funds to replenish the treasury. Arrangements are already on foot.

Lo Fat, the Chinese acrobat and comedian, who has attracted the attention of so many people at the new Chinese Theater on account of his marvelous feats, has made a contract with the management of the play house to stay one year.

In the Circuit Court yesterday afternoon the jury sitting on the case of George Houghtaling, for selling spirituous liquor without a license, rendered a verdict of not guilty at 6:45 o'clock, after having been in session since 1:30 p. m. There were two dissenting votes.

Next Sunday will be the last upon which the congregation of Kawaiahae will have to sit in the shed, for a week from that time the old church will be ready for occupancy. Many people of the city are not aware of the beauty of finish which the interior of the church now possesses.

There will be a meeting of the Honolulu Choral Society in the room above the gymnasium, Y. M. C. A. Hall, at 7:30 o'clock this evening, for the purpose of reorganization. Every member of the society is requested to be present. The music loving people of Honolulu have always looked forward to the doings of the society with great interest, and it is hoped the members will continue the good work.

In the police court yesterday afternoon Wally Davis was fined \$250 for unlawful possession of opium. It will be remembered that Davis was with the party that took provisions out to the Olympia when she was outside the harbor, and whose boat was found to contain opium. In the cases of the others of Davis' party, nolle prosequi were entered and defendants discharged.

## Death of a Tourist.

Among the tourists who spent last winter and spring in these islands, were Mr. and Mrs. Willard S. Pope, of Detroit, Mich. Mr. Pope was a mechanical engineer, who had built some of the largest bridges on the leading railroads in the Western States. The last mail brought advices of his death in the above city, on October 11, at the age of 63. At the time of his death he was president of the Detroit Bridge & Iron Works. It was on account of impaired health that he spent several months here, hoping to receive some benefit from the change. While in this city he made the Hawaiian Hotel his headquarters, and became acquainted with some of the leading citizens, and took great interest in the political changes that have taken place here.

## FUNERAL OF DR. BRODIE.

Tributes From Many of His Friends.

Services by Bishop Willis—Free From Ostentation—Handsome Floral Offerings.

The Waikiki residence of the late Dr. John Brodie was truly a house of mourning yesterday. In the rooms and the outside lanai were persons who had called to pay their last respects to one who had been their friend in times of suffering and who had been suddenly taken from them. There were few eyes which did not plainly show the traces of the sorrow the hearts felt. The ladies who had volunteered their services to look after certain details of the funeral were so numerous that they jostled each other in their efforts to have everything to their satisfaction. Dr. Murray, the friend and associate of the deceased, was so crushed in spirits that every one, stranger and friend, extended their sympathy to him. During the funeral services he sat at the side of the casket as chief mourner, and when Bishop Willis read the solemn service of the dead, beginning with "I am the resurrection and the life," the young man sat staring into space, his eyes bearing evidence of the burden his heart carried. Dr. Brodie had been his friend and, in a measure, benefactor, and a mental record of his kindly actions toward the young physician was brought vividly before him. By his side was Miss Newman, and opposite were Mr. and Mrs. Witcher, who have been guests at the doctor's house for some time. In another room sat Mrs. Riley and Miss Jones and Fugii, a little Japanese girl, of whom the doctor was very fond.

The remains were encased in a handsome dove-colored casket. Resting on the floor at either side were pots of maidenhair ferns and at the foot was a bunch of the beautiful blossoms of the royal palm. Around an easel in one corner of the room the deft hands of loving friends had entwined sun flowers. The tall mirror facing the door of the parlor had been covered with black velvet and over this fragrant tube roses were festooned from top to bottom. On the lid of the casket there were two exquisitely beautiful floral pieces; one, at the head was a large pillow made of pink carnations, the other a broken cross made of white eucharist lilies. Separating these was the massive plate containing the name, age and date of death of the doctor. Dr. Brodie's friends are legion so that there were a host of volunteers from among the ladies of Honolulu. From early Monday morning until the hour of the funeral Mrs. J. H. Boyd, who had charge of the floral decorations, Mrs. G. Beckley, Mrs. J. W. Robertson, Mrs. Lillie Auld and the Misses Blanche Cornwall, Helen Parker and Lucy Ward were busy shaping huge bunches of cut flowers into designs suited to the occasion.

Each of the rooms on the lower floor contained more or less potted palms and ferns, so placed, however, as to conceal any attempt to display. It was the opinion of the ladies in charge that the decorations should be marked with simplicity rather than ostentation, because they believed it would have been the doctor's wish, could he have given instructions concerning his funeral.

The pall-bearers, who were selected from among the doctor's nearest friends and the medical profession, were: F. M. Swanzy, F. A. Schaefer, Frank B. McStocker, George W. Smith, James H. Boyd, Abraham Fernandez, Drs. Herbert and Myers.

A very large number of carriages followed the hearse to Nuuanu Cemetery, where the remains were interred.

## SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

Plover Shooting Yesterday Costs a Hand—A Swede the Victim.

The train from Waianae pulled into the depot at about 9 o'clock last night with a wounded Swede by the name of Carl Jensen. The details of the accident which cost the man his right hand are as follows: Jensen was out plover hunting. He had been doing some shooting and was about to reload his gun when he saw a very large flock of birds, almost upon him. This led him to hurry reloading operations. In the excitement of the moment he put his right hand over the muzzle of the gun and, as luck would have it, the gun was discharged at the same instant. Jensen was brought up on the

train and taken to the hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate the hand at the wrist. Dr. Wood performed the operation. At latest accounts the man was resting comfortably.

## The Mergenthaler Linotype.

A column of editorial matter in this issue was set up last night on a Mergenthaler Linotype by Fred Potter, a young man sent by the Hawaiian Gazette Company to the Mergenthaler factory for the purpose of learning the modus operandi of the machines. The linotypes were received here a couple of weeks ago and Mr. Potter, assisted by A. F. Kopke of the Honolulu Iron Works, placed them in position. It is believed that in a few days the machines will be running smoothly and the news columns of the ADVERTISER will be set in type entirely by the machine. The crowded condition of the composing rooms will not permit of an invitation being extended the public to inspect the machinery, but when the company occupies its new quarters in the Von Holt block on King street certain days will be set apart on which the public may visit the rooms.

## The Kalakaua Monument.

A meeting of the directors of the Kalakaua Monument Association was held in the office of Mark Robinson yesterday afternoon. The bronze bust of Kalakaua, contract for which was given Allan Hutchinson, the sculptor, in July, 1894, was reported finished. It was accepted as handed to the association by Mr. Hutchinson. Arrangements will probably be made to have the bust on show at the exhibition of the Kiloana Art League, to take place in the near future. Arrangements are now pending to have it placed permanently in the Executive building. Subscriptions have amounted to \$2000.

## A MIRACLE IN TEXAS

Investigated by the Texas Christian Advocate and Vouched for by Dr. C. H. Stansbury.

(From the Texas Christian Advocate.)

Our representative has made a careful investigation of the case of Dr. C. H. Stansbury, which is here published for the first time, and which will be read with great interest by medical men everywhere. In reply to the Christian Advocate's questions Mr. Stansbury said: About eight years ago while running a locomotive I contracted sciatic rheumatism in my left side from my hip down. It came on slow but sure and in a few months I lost control entirely of that member, it was just the same as if it was paralyzed, I was totally unable to move out of my room for a year and a half, six months of which time I was bed-ridden. I tried every remedy suggested, and had numerous physicians in constant attendance on me. I was bled up and sent to Hot Springs where I spent three months under the treatment of the most eminent specialists, all of which did me no good, and I came back from the springs in a worse condition than when I went. I came home and laid flat on my back and suffered the most excruciating agonies, screaming in pain every time anybody walked across the room, and I obtained being from the constant use of opiates. After three months of this kind of agony, during which time my entire left leg wasted away, I was told by a friend that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, by Mr. Allison who is now train dispatcher at Tarrant, and who was relieved of locomotive ataxia of twenty years duration. At his urgent and repeated solicitation I consented to give them a trial, after taking a few doses I began to improve. I continued taking the pills and kept right on improving until I was finally cured. My leg is just the same size now as the other one, and I am sure that Pink Pills not only cured me but saved my life.

The reporter next visited Dr. C. H. Stansbury, a graduate of one of the medical schools of Kentucky, and a man who enjoys the confidence of everybody in Louisville. He said: "I know that Mr. Stansbury had a terrible severe attack of sciatic rheumatism of which he tried to cure him, and everything known to my profession in vain, and finally recommended him to go to Hot Springs. He came back from the springs worse than when he went and I thought it was only a matter of time until his heart would be affected and he would die. I also know that his cure is the direct result of the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"This is an unusual statement for a regular physician to make, doctor," I said. "I know it is, but it is a fact and there are hundreds of people right here in Louisville who know what I say is the truth. I also know Mr. Allison and know that he is a reliable man, and know that he is a locomotive ataxia of twenty years standing."

An impoverished condition of the blood, or a disordered condition of the nerves, is the fruitful source of most of the ailments of weakness, and is any thus affected Dr. Williams' Pink Pills offer a speedy and certain cure. No other remedy has ever met with such great and continued success, which is one of the strongest proofs that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills accomplish all that is claimed for them. They are an unfailing cure for locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatic rheumatism, rheumatism, nervous headache, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, diseases depending upon vitiated blood, such as scurvy, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, curing all forms of weakness. As men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature.

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Dr. C. H. Stansbury, and Dr. C. H. Stansbury, London, Eng. They are put up in round glass bottles, and wrapped in a wrapper which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." As there are imitations of this mark on every package you purchase, and promptly refuse all imitations and substitutions.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by The Hawaiian Dispensing Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents, and all dealers in medicine.

Paul Isenberg and wife have returned from Kauai, after a long vacation.

## MORTUARY REPORT.

The total number of deaths reported for the month of October was 71, distributed as follows:

Under 1 year.....20	From 30 to 40.....4
From 1 to 5.....12	From 40 to 50.....3
From 5 to 10.....2	From 50 to 60.....7
From 10 to 20.....4	From 60 to 70.....6
From 20 to 30.....7	Over 70.....6
Males.....41	Females.....30
Hawaiians.....38	Great Britain.....3
Chinese.....10	United States.....2
Portuguese.....10	Other nationalities.....4
Japanese.....4	
Total.....71	
Unattended.....12	
Non-Residents.....0	

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY MORTALITY.

Oct., 1891.....49	Oct., 1894.....50
Oct., 1892.....51	Oct., 1895.....71
Oct., 1893.....52	

CAUSE OF DEATH.

Asthma.....1	Inflammation b/w's.....1
Aneurism.....2	Leprosy.....1
Brouchitis.....3	Measles.....1
Beriberi.....1	Marasmus.....1
Cholera.....1	Oedema.....1
Congestion lungs.....1	Old age.....4
Consumption.....7	Obstruction of bowels.....1
Convulsions.....1	Pneumonia.....6
Dropsy.....1	Premature Birth.....2
Debility.....4	Peritonitis.....2
Drowned.....1	Paralysis.....2
Diarrhoea.....2	Paralysis.....2
Fever.....4	Suicide.....1
Fever, Typhoid.....1	Tumor.....1
Fever, Malarial.....1	Unknown.....12
Heart disease.....2	Whooping Cough.....3
Inanition.....2	

DEATHS BY WARDS.

Wards.....1	2	3	4	5	side.
Deaths.....13	16	10	14	17	1

Annual death rate per 1000 for month 30.43

Hawaiians.....43.43

Asiaties.....17.67

All other nationalities.....28.50

C. B. REYNOLDS, Agent Board of Health.

## The Loyal Legion.

There was a meeting of the Loyal Legion, a branch of the W. C. T. U. yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Birnie, wife of the pastor of the Central Union Church delivered an interesting address to the thirty-five members present. Temperance primers was distributed among those present and work in this line will be pushed in a practical way. Miss Judd is president of the Legion and Miss Whitney the secretary. The object of the Legion is to instill into the minds of the young the necessity for advancing the temperance cause in Hawaii.

This is Guy Fawkes day; it is likewise the forty-seventh birthday of genial Joseph Marsden, Commissioner of Agriculture of the Republic of Hawaii.

**CREPE**  
Tissue Paper  
Flower Materials,  
New Mouldings,  
Sheet: Pictures,  
WINDOW  
POLES,  
Artist's  
Supplies,  
ETC.,  
JUST IN  
at  
**King Bros**  
HOTEL STREET.

**Planters, Attention!**  
We keep in stock, for the supplying of short notice requirements, a small stock of each brand  
**CALIFORNIA**  
**FERTILIZER WORKS FERTILIZERS.**  
(J. E. MILLER, Manager.)  
We have on hand today a quantity of the  
**DIAMOND A** and  
**"HIGH GRADE" Fertilizers**  
Send in your orders,  
**C. BREWER & CO., (LTD.)**  
Agents California Fertilizer Works.

**MILL ENGINE**  
FOR SALE.  
**Horizontal Slide Valve Engine**  
Made by Honolulu Iron Works Company in 1885.  
Bore of Cylinder, 13 inches; Length of Stroke, 40 inches; Crank Shaft on left of Cylinder; Hand Reversing Gear; Diameter of Fly Wheel, 14 feet; size of Engine Bed, 3 feet wide by 20 feet long.  
For further particulars apply to  
**Theo. H. Davies & Co., Limited.**

**Interior Department.**  
BUREAU OF CONVEYANCES,  
HONOLULU, Oct. 28, 1895.  
Mr. D. McCORISTON has this day been appointed an Agent to Take

**WOMEN WHO WORK FOR THE VETERANS.**  
Three noble women who work for the welfare of the veterans of the G. A. R. are Mrs. Elizabeth A. Turner, president of the Woman's Relief Corps; Mrs. Catherine Hirst, president of the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic; and Ellen M. Walker, president of the Daughters of Veterans.

## SHOPPING BY POST

It is a well-known fact that people's clothes wear out in the country as fast if not faster than in Honolulu. Now there is no need for making a trip to the Capital to renew your stock of wearing apparel.

**L. B. KERR, QUEEN ST., HONOLULU,**  
Has Started A

## POSTAL ORDER DEPARTMENT

and will be pleased to send on request, samples and prices of his celebrated West of England Serges, Scotch Tweeds and Gingham, India Linens, Dimities and Prints; also Sheetting, Pillowcase, etc. A single yard at Wholesale Prices.

**L. B. KERR, P. O. BOX 306,**  
Honolulu, H. I.

## BY AUTHORITY.

Acknowledgments to Instruments for Record for the Island of Molokai.  
**THOS. G. THURM,**  
Registrar of Conveyances.

Approved:  
**J. A. KING,**  
Minister of the Interior.  
1703-34

The following gentlemen have this day been appointed members of the Board of Fence Commissioners for the District of Makawao, Island of Maui:  
**W. F. Pogue,**  
**John Wagner,**  
**A. Tavares, Jr.**  
**J. A. KING,**  
Minister of the Interior.  
Interior Office, Oct. 28, 1895. 1703-34

## Valuable Property FOR SALE.

On account of removal to Waikiki, the residence of G. P. Castle, Esq., is now offered for sale.  
This lot is 225 by 400 feet, occupying one-half of the entire block, bounded by Kinohi, Kapiolani, Lunalilo and Victoria streets in Honolulu. All the buildings are in first-class condition. The main building contains Parlor, Dining Room, five airy Bedrooms with Dressing Rooms and Cedar Closets, Bath Room, Kitchen and Pantry; a wide veranda on three sides of the house, and is arranged with large doors and French windows, giving complete ventilation; has also a Porte Cochere over the drive-way.  
The drainage is good, having a fall of 40 feet, while the plumbing is the best, with hot and cold water, stationary wash bowls and patent water closets.  
There is a cottage with two rooms on the place, also a wood-shed, chicken-house and a commodious barn with servants quarters. The yard is the result of thirteen years care and expense, has a fine growth of full grown trees and plants, which are very necessary for genuine comfort in a warm climate.  
The Title to this property is perfect, and a Warranty Deed will be given the purchaser. It is seldom that a property like this is put upon the market for sale, and parties living on the other islands who are desirous of securing a home in the healthiest part of Honolulu would do well to take a look at this estate.  
Parties desiring to inspect these premises with a view of purchasing will be driven out there at any time, by calling upon the undersigned.  
For Terms and Price, Apply to  
**THE HAWAIIAN SAFE DEPOSIT & INVESTMENT CO.,**  
408 Fort Street,  
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4141-1w 1704-2w

## COPPERPLATE PRINTING

**AT GAZETTE OFFICE.**



## FROM COFFEE LANDS.

Olaa Planters See Good Returns in Prospect.

## HILO WANTS ITS MAIL REGULARLY

Steamer Didn't Do as They Wanted. Hilo "Tribune" Will Soon Be Out. Electric Light Plant Arrives. Schooner Robert Lewers in Port.

HILO (Hawaii), Oct. 28.—Hilotes realize sometimes how far out of the world they are. One of these occasions presented itself this week, when the Kinau came in without the mail of the 21st and gave word at once of her intention to return to Honolulu before Hilo people could have an opportunity of replying to that mail. This was a particularly vexatious time, as it had been three weeks since foreign mail had been received, and there was every reason to believe the Kinau would bring the mail. The steamship company decreed otherwise, and the vessel steamed out of the harbor just as the Australia mail entered. The people own they are powerless to induce desirable changes which all would like to see made.

A little fracas out of the ordinary occurred in the law office of F. M. Wakefield last Saturday, when Mr. Gilbert F. Little assaulted Mr. Alphonse, a young Portuguese employed as clerk for Mr. Wakefield. The boy refused to sign some important documents which Colonel Little had sent over to be signed by him in the absence of his employer. The papers were returned to Mr. Little with a part message from young Alphonse. This raised the ire of the Colonel, who went to the office of Mr. Wakefield and proceeded to thrash the boy. Colonel Little appeared in court next Monday morning to answer to charges preferred by the young man, with the result that he was fined \$1 and ordered to pay costs of court.

The Hilo Sugar Company is putting in new machinery and a new mill at Waimuku. The capacity of the new mill will be much larger than that in use last season. Grinding will hardly begin before the first of the year. Several holders of lands in Kaimuki are planting cane on a large extent of their lands while they await the outcome of smaller crops of coffee. Coffee is doing finely all through Kaimuki, Kaimau and Kukuau, but, of course, everything is still in the experimental stage. The coffee on the Volcano road is fast approaching the stage where there can no longer be a question as to whether or not coffee will be a success. Mr. Zimmerman has picked several bags of coffee of an excellent grade from his two-year-old trees—the first picked in Oia. His place, about 18 miles up, makes the best showing along the Volcano road, where the coffee industry is of such vast interest and importance. Most of the places are in excellent condition. The yield from Mr. Zimmerman's plantation lends the greatest encouragement to the coffee planters in Oia.

On the 21st of next month a meeting of the members of the Hilo Book Association will be held for the purpose of reorganizing their body and incorporating, so as to manage better the business which is before them. For some time they have earnestly advocated the necessity of having a public reading room in Hilo, and, through the earnest and increasing efforts of the members, they are soon to be crowned with success. Enough money has been guaranteed to warrant the opening of such a place, and one of the philanthropic citizens has generously offered to furnish \$100 to be used for magazine subscriptions for the reading rooms. There are nearly 1200 books in the library which, for twelve years, have been kept in the office of the Telephone Company. These will form a nucleus for a library for the new reading rooms, which will probably be located in the Spreckels block.

A most pleasurable evening was spent by the Hilo Social Club and their married friends at a dance given in Firemen's Hall last Saturday evening by the club. During the evening refreshments were served and dancing continued until nearly midnight.

A number of the young friends of Miss Schoen gathered at the home of Hon. and Mrs. E. E. Richards last Tuesday evening and enjoyed themselves with dancing, games, music and light refreshments.

On Tuesday evening next a church social will be held in the parlors of the First Foreign Church.

There was a light shock of earthquake at 2 p.m. Friday—the first in Hilo for months.

Sheriff Hitchcock and A. B. Loebenstein returned by the Hall.

Payson Caldwell spent a portion of last week on his place at Oia. He will assume the management of the Hilo Tribune as soon as Mr. Spencer gets the press and machinery set up for work. The presses and a five-horse power Pelton water motor arrived per bark Annie Johnson. The work of laying the foundation for the plant is in progress now.

The Annie Johnson, Book captain, arrived Saturday, twenty-three days from San Francisco, with a full cargo of general merchandise, cattle and horses and thirteen passengers. Today she discharged the plant for the Hilo Electric Light Company. They also intend putting in a five-ton ice plant.

Henry Deacon, manager of the Pepee plantation, has returned after an absence of several months on the Coast.

Dr. Frances Wetmore, who was called to Kohala on the 17th inst. to attend Dr. Bond in his illness, has not returned.

Miss Harriet Hitchcock has gone to Honolulu to be absent some months.

E. N. Holmes has leased the premises owned by F. S. Lyman, on the corner of Waiuanue and School streets, and is having the house entirely remodeled, preparatory to moving into it with his family.

The Robert E. Lewers, Goodman captain, arrived in port Sunday evening, 27th, thirty days from Puget Sound. She will discharge 200,000 feet of lumber for Oomea Sugar Company before proceeding to Honolulu with the balance of her cargo.

**Death of Mrs. D. H. Hitchcock.** It is our painful duty to record the death of our beloved friend, Mrs. D. H. Hitchcock. She passed away peacefully and without consciousness of the fact that the hand of Death was upon her, at ten minutes before 2 o'clock this morning, Tuesday, October 29th, surrounded by all who were dearest to her. Death was momentarily expected throughout the previous day, and her loved ones and physicians remained in constant attendance until the heart was still and the lips were silent before them. A good and noble woman has gone from among us. She was a friend and helper to all who came within the realm of her loving kindness. Her magnanimous heart was full of affection for those whose sorrows she knew and whose pains she tried to assuage. In times of joy she lent her joys, and in times of sickness and sorrow she was ever the first to offer a helping hand. She was a friend to the poor and a guardian angel to the sorrow-stricken. The aim of her life was to do the greatest good to the greatest number, as far as lay within her power to benefit mankind. The bereaved husband and sorrowing children have lost a faithful and devoted wife and a kind and loving mother. We shall miss the pleasant face of our dear friend. If sympathy can assuage the suffering and pain of the stricken heart we offer it in full measure to the husband and sorrowing children of her affections.

She was sixty-seven years of age, and with the exception of an occasional visit to the States she has spent her entire life upon these islands.

Mrs. Hitchcock was the wife of D. H. Hitchcock, one of Hilo's oldest and most respected citizens. It was only a short time ago that her daughter, Mrs. W. L. Moore died, and the shock at her death was too much for her to bear. She was also the mother of D. Howard and Charles Hitchcock. These young men and their father "Uncle David" are all who remain of the family.

## SEQUAH

Endorsed by the English Press.

"ROCKDALE OBSERVER" [May 3, 1890], remarks: "Some remarkable cures have certainly been effected by Sequah's medicines."

"WATERFORD NEWS" [Apr. 6th, 1890], speaking of Sequah's remedies, says: "The cures remain, and men are walking about to-day, who for the past ten years read novels in their beds during the intervals snatched from dry toast, potatoes and pills."

"HID-DEBBSHIRE STAR" [May 2, 1890], "The cures made by Sequah's Remedies, have excited a great deal of talk, because the patients art well known as having suffered a number of years. Some of them have been afflicted for 20 years."

"ROCKDALE STAR" [May 3rd, 1890], "It cannot be denied that persons well known in Rockdale, known to have suffered from the poor man's curse, rheumatism, have secured permanent relief by the use of Sequah's Remedies."

## Hobron Drug Co.

AGENTS. "SEQUAH" LTD., LONDON. CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

## Boston Line of Packets

SHIPPERS will Please Take Notice that the

## Bark HOLLISWOOD

Will Leave New York for this port on or about SEPTEMBER 30th.

For further information apply to Chas. Brewer & Co., 27 Kilby street, Boston, Mass., or to

C. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu, Agents.

## LATEST FROM MAUI.

Meeting of Makawao Literary Society.

## VIOLATION OF QUARANTINE LAWS.

Mr. Omsted Lands on Maui and Is Arrested—A New Tax Officer—The Price of Hogs—Haces on the 10th. No Shipping in Kahului Harbor.

MAUI, Nov. 21.—Despite of a strong disagreeable trade wind, the brilliant moonlight of last evening attracted a large social gathering to the Hamakua residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Loveland, the occasion being the November meeting of the Makawao Literary Society. The following program was rendered:

1. Duet—Piano and Violin—Mrs. C. D. Loveland and F. E. Atwater.
2. Reading from Mrs. Burnett's Lord Fauntleroy, illustrated by a series of interesting tableaux.
3. Song by Miss Nellie Beckwith with violin obligato by Miss Kate Watson.
4. A Talk by E. G. Beckwith.
5. Violin Solo by Miss Kate Watson.
6. Trio by Messrs. Lindsay, Nicoll and Chas. Baldwin.

The song with violin obligato received an encore. The talk by Dr. Beckwith touched upon the general idea of literary meetings, etc. A most delightful evening was the general verdict.

During Monday, October 28th, N. Omsted of Hana appeared before the Wailuku police court to answer to the charge of violating Maui quarantine regulations. It seems that some time during the recent epidemic Mr. Omsted visited Honolulu and before returning to this island, having undergone ten days' quarantine and complied with other necessary conditions, was given a certificate by the Honolulu Board of Health, which, among other statements, declared that he could land at island ports. Accordingly, Mr. Omsted made landing on Maui, thereby disregarding regulations adopted by the island Health Board.

Judge Helekuniki acquitted the defendant on the ground that orders from Honolulu should be obeyed, inasmuch as the Board of Health there was the highest authority in the land in matters pertaining to the public health, etc. He closed his decision with the quotation that a house divided against itself must fall.

Lukela, the Maui prophet, was formerly a preacher at Kailua, Hawaii.

Chester Long of Wailuku has recently changed his residence to Makawao. He intends to continue his law practice.

This year, instead of appointing a Tax Appeal Board for each district, the Minister of Finance has appointed one for the entire island, or, more properly speaking, for the second taxation division, which includes Maui, Molokai and Lanai.

P. B. Aiken, formerly of Paia, has recently entered the San Francisco Dental College.

The Wailuku Board Board is constructing a portable prison similar to the one in use in Makawao. Abundant rains are reported in Hana district; they are almost a daily occurrence, consequently sugarcane is doing finely—much better than last year, it is said.

What seems to be a paradox in prices is the fact that in the Kula section, the price per pound for a fat porker is quoted at 6½ cents, while, strange to relate, his lean, hungry, cadaverous brother-hog is selling at 7½ cents per pound. The explanation is that corn is so cheap that more money can be made by fattening the thin animals than by dealing in fat swine.

The 16th instant, Kalakaua's birthday, is the date fixed for the 100 yards race and the baseball game, expected to take place at Kahului. Waikapu will cross bats with Wailuku.

C. B. Wells and Dr. Raymond, of Wailuku, and Mr. Worcester, of San Francisco, spent several days during the week at Olinda. Mr. Worcester is a guest at Spreckelsville.

All Saints day was observed in the usual way by the Catholics of Maui.

No shipping in Kahului harbor. Weather—Heavy trade winds, blowing almost a gale, for the past day or two.

## Doernbecher Furniture Mfg. Company,

INCORPORATED,

733 to 741 Mission Street, San Francisco, California.

BEDROOM SUITS, BEDS, TABLES, CHIFFONNIERS,

Catalogue sent to the trade only.



## OF INTEREST TO MANAGERS OF PLANTATIONS.

A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pumps, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 30 miles.

Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power. THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and all Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMANN, Manager.

G. WEST, Commission Merchant. Importer and Dealer in

## Carriage Materials

Of Every Description, Including

OAK, ASH, HICKORY AND WHITE-WOOD LUMBER,

Spokes, all sizes; Saven Wheels, Wood Hub Wheels, Sawed Fellos, Bent Rims from 1 to 24 inches.

Dump-Cart Shafts, Wagon Poles, Double Trees, Single Trees, Wagon and Cart Hubs, all sizes.

And a Full Assortment of

## Trimmers' Materials,

Carriage Hardware, Norway Iron, and Steel Tires.

Having a long experience in the carriage business I am prepared to supply carriage builders, plantations, etc., with first-class materials, personally selected, at the very lowest cash prices.

All Island orders will receive prompt attention.

## MASONIC BLOCK,

Corner Alakea and Hotel Streets, Telephone No. 350.

## Sugar! Sugar! Sugar!

If Sugar is what you want use

## FERTILIZER.

The Hawaiian Fertilizing Company has just received per "Helen Brewer"

50 Tons Soft Phosphate Florida,

150 Tons Double Superphosphate,

300 Tons Natural Plant Food,

25 Tons Common Superphosphate

Also per "Martha Davis" and other vessels,

Nitrate of Soda,

Sulphate of Ammonia,

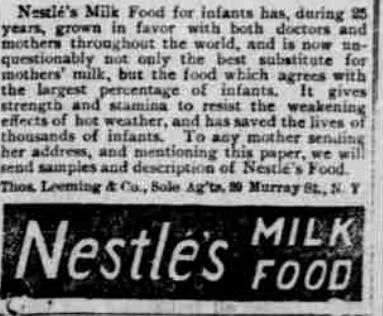
Sulphate of Potash,

Muriate of Potash & Kainit

High-Grade Manures

To any analysis always on hand or made to order.

A. F. COOKE, Agent.



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At the Lowest Prices.

COR. OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

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From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

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All Meats delivered from this market are Thoroughly Chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

## Beaver Saloon.

H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the public in general that he has opened the above saloon, where

## FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m., under the immediate supervision of a competent Chef de Cuisine.

## THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos,

Cigars, Pipes and

Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-class manufacturers has been obtained and will be added to from time to time.

## One of Brunswick &amp; Balke's

Celebrated Billiard Tables

Connected with the establishment, where lovers of the cue can participate.

## ICE &amp; COLD STORAGE

AT NOMINAL COST.

HALL'S, London, E. C., Patent Carbonic and Hydride Refrigerating and Ice Making Machines, in use throughout Australia and New Zealand. By Hall's process cold-beer dealers, hotels, butchers and dealers in all kinds of perishable articles of food can have fitted small installation machines thoroughly effective, making their own ice at the same time as providing cold storage. No previous knowledge necessary. Any man or woman can run the machine. Hall's Patent Brine Walls, portable, may be used in cold storage chamber. See illustrated catalogue.

## GEORGE CAVENAGH,

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P. S.—By the above-named process one to twenty tons of ice per day can be turned out at comparatively small cost.

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PIANO

Is the famous KROEGER. It is always in the van of improvement.

We are showing a

## NEW-STYLE KROEGER

That has recently been put on the market. It is a gem. Liberal discount for cash. Call and see it. It is a beauty.

PIANOS kept in tune for one year gratis. Old instruments taken as part payment. Tuning and repairing a specialty.

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The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

## Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## North British and Mercantile

INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894,

£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

1—Authorized Capital, £3,000,000

Subscribed Capital, 2,750,000

Paid-up Capital, £87,500 0 0

2—Fire Funds, 2,410,992 7 3

3—Life and Annuity Funds, 8,572,525 14 12

£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

Revenue Fire Branch, 1,546,856 18 2

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches, 1,359,821 10 2

£2,906,678 15 4

The accumulated funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichmarks, 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies, 101,650,000

Total reichmarks, 107,650,000

## North German Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichmarks, 8,850,000

Capital their reinsurance companies, 35,000,000

Total reichmarks, 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

M. HACKFELD & CO.



## THE MISSION SOCIETY.

Regular Monthly Meeting Saturday Night.

## AN INTERESTING DISCUSSION.

New Members Added—Reminiscences of Early Hawaiian Life—The Early Education of Hawaiian Youth. Remarks by Old Kamaeians.

The regular monthly meeting of the Mission Children's Society was held at the house of C. H. Atherton, King street, last Saturday night; thirty members were present. Professor Richards, of Kamehameha, had charge of the discussion on the subject of the evening.

The treasurer's report from July 1st showed receipts of \$268, and expenditures of \$206, leaving a balance of \$62 in the treasury—a sum inadequate to supply all the needs of the various educational institutions applying to the society for help. The apparent smallness of receipts was due to the fact that two of the regular monthly meetings were not held on account of the cholera epidemic.

Rev. O. P. Emerson made a few appropriate remarks on the death of Mrs. A. V. Soares, a faithful, active member of the society and a member of the Maile Wreath committee. She had worked most assiduously in the interests of the society during her connection with it. At Mr. Gulick's suggestion a committee, consisting of Mrs. A. B. Conn, the corresponding secretary, and J. S. Emerson, the vice-president, were appointed to express the sympathy of the society to Rev. Soares in his bereavement, and to represent that body at the funeral.

The following persons were elected active members in the society: Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Warriner, Miss Jessie L. Brocke, Miss Harriet Lewers and Miss Gilliam.

While the collection was being taken, the president announced that W. I. Warriner would act as committee on music for the next three months.

In introducing the subject of the evening, "Early Education of Hawaiian Youth," Professor Richards remarked upon the interest which had been taken in the subject both at home and abroad. He called upon Rev. O. H. Gulick, who introduced the subject of Japan as he found it twenty-four years ago, and compared it with Japan of today, showing the result of missionary enterprise, the forerunner of civilization.

Mrs. A. B. Conn presented some reminiscences of early Hawaiian work. She came to Honolulu as a teacher in Kawaiahae Seminary. The premises were most uninviting and the work quite a hardship.

Dr. J. K. Smith said that a great many had claimed too much had been done for the Hawaiians. There were still others who claimed that too little had been done. Have they really had too much done for them? This could be answered in the following manner: Firstly, Hawaiians had been given plenty of advice; secondly, examples, both good and bad, had been set them; thirdly, they had been given instruction in church and school; fourthly, laws had been made, the effects of which had worked for their general good; fifthly, charity had been shown. True, this had at times been misplaced, but still the good sense of the givers in many instances had been amply rewarded. Scamps had been helped, as is always the case. In comparing the dealings of foreigners with the natives, the speaker thought that a fairer dealing had been shown than in any other country, and the growth of Hawaiians in peaceful evolution from an existence of barbarism fifty years ago was due to the faithful work which had been done. The question had been asked why so many Hawaiians have not amounted to much. They had not lived up to their opportunities. This was sufficient answer. This was largely because there was only one chance in ten of their being able to live up to their opportunities, since only one in ten attended boarding schools, thus leaving in the majority the uneducated and older ones with habits fixed. The question had been asked, could we not put our money to better use than spending it for those purposes. The answer was to be found in the fact that we are responsible for examples set the natives by ourselves and the people who came to the islands first. Is it not better to educate our own children? What better heritage could we leave our children than the example of using money for those who need it most?

Professor Richards, by way of introducing further discussion, asked for fruits of past work. It was not sufficient to say that these could be found in the whole body politic of the Hawaiian people. Details were required by thinking people.

This caused a reply from Miss Mattie Chamberlain, who stated that she always felt very indignant when any criticisms were made on the work of missions here, for she could remember the early labors of those who had the interests of the people at heart. She described the hard work of the early days in which she was associated. She also proposed writing a paper on Miss Ogden's school for future presentation before the society. Miss Chamberlain came to Honolulu as a teacher in Kawaiahae Seminary. For the benefit of the society she drew a picture of her first Sunday School at Kawaiahae Church in the year 1854. People came in a half-clad and in the most careless manner. Her class consisted of fifteen girls, whom she could only lead to so many goats on the mountains, so wild were their actions. They were constantly moving about,

and it was with the greatest difficulty that they were kept in their seats at all. They brought their dogs along with them to Sunday School. Upon this point she told them she wished to quote a passage of scripture for remembrance on the next Sabbath. This was, "Without are Dogs." Miss Chamberlain spoke of the difficulty of teaching the natives consonants. She spoke so much to them regarding different points that her voice grew hoarse at times. She learned Hawaiian by reading to her Sunday School class the Gospel of John in English and having her pupils read the same to her in Hawaiian.

Professor Richards wanted to know if the results of early education were a better civilization only or more of a moral and religious improvement.

Rev. O. H. Gulick said that the concentrated character in a few Hawaiians was worthy of remark. The pastor of Kawaiahae Church was referred to as a noble specimen of Hawaiian—staunch, clear-headed and possessing good judgment. The pastor of Waialua filled the place of a leader for the whole parish. At Ewa there was another preacher of the Gospel who stood head and shoulders above many white men between here and Ewa. In Waianae there was still another noble specimen. These four men would be bright and shining lights in any community, yet they had come out from heathenism into the light of today.

Hawaii is a heaven in comparison to Micronesia. This was brought forth in comparing the heathenism of Micronesia with the civilization of Hawaii today. In all cities of the world where missionaries were found there were those who rated at them. The speaker remembered that in Japan the question was asked by a new-comer, "Where are those fools?" The question was well understood for the location of the missionaries was pointed out immediately.

Professor Richards said that in reply to his question the previous speaker had taken four specimens or results. Individual results could be counted on the fingers of one's hand. Were there not broader results than those indicated by just a few individuals picked out here and there?

Rev. S. E. Bishop replied that the same statement could and had been made in regard to the number of consistent whites.

Rev. C. M. Hyde read a letter from Samuel Holmes in which the writer spoke of certain Hawaiian youths who had been sent to the Cornwall school in Connecticut long years ago. The speaker said he had a list of twenty of those who had been educated at the school mentioned. He proposed to trace out the history and life work of these. Some had already been traced. The life of one of these, written by a fellow student, was found to be so full of hope and inspiration that it has been translated into Cherokee and modern Greek. He had hoped that for the future of Hawaiians they could have preserved their political life and their future autonomy been secured but God in his providence had decreed otherwise.

Great progress had been made but too much had been expected by foreigners who seeing the great improvement which had been made, expected more. In comparing Japan with her centuries of civilization to look back upon with Hawaii's little one-half century, the criticism that more should have been done, seemed lacking in force.

Rev. O. P. Emerson remarked that all teachers specially needed acts; that Hawaiians even did not know their past history except for a few years back. Young Hawaiians of today have no conception of Hawaii and of their own age fifty years ago and thus they too become critical because they do not know the facts.

J. S. Emerson said that all should read "Polynesian Researches," by Bishop Ellis. Apropos of this Professor Alexander remarked that the first three volumes which treated of Tahiti furnished an accurate and truthful description, conditions of which would apply to Hawaii. The fourth was a treatise on "Hawaii not." In concluding the discussion Professor Richards said that the students of Kamehameha School showed that the missionaries had been at work. The state of affairs was entirely different from that which existed in the early days as described by Miss Chamberlain. There was no longer any difficulty with consonants. However, more must be done among Hawaiians. The momentum of work already accomplished has not been sufficient. The speaker said that he thought a great deal could be said in regard to the changed condition of Hawaiian home and village life, common ethics and morality.

The next meeting of the Mission Children's Society will be held at the home of Rev. C. M. Hyde in December.

Look Up

what the best medical authorities have to say about Petroleum and you will be surprised to learn what great anti-septic and healing powers this oil possesses.

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The Food-Medicine, contains all of the cleansing, soothing, curative, and reconstructive properties of this wonderful "Earth Sap," rendered practically tasteless. It is more than a substitute for cod-liver oil in diseases of the throat and lungs, stomach and bowels. It Cures.

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## PLANTATION "LITERARY."

Pleasant Evening Passed by Residents of Makaweli, Kauai.

MAKAWELI (Kauai), Nov. 1.—On the evening of Saturday the 26th ult., Makaweli Social Hall was the scene of the first social meeting of the Plantation Literary and Social Club. A most enjoyable evening was spent.

The first item on the program was a pianoforte selection by Mr. Omsted, who later in the evening favored the audience by playing in a duet with William Maurer. Mrs. Ogg gave two delightful readings which were much appreciated by those present. An interesting feature of the occasion was the dancing of the sword dance and highland fling by Mr. Douglas who appeared in full highland costume. Mr. Anderson gave a reading and comic song in great style. Mr. and Mrs. Scott excelled themselves in a dialogue entitled "The Nagletons on Derby Day." Both acted their part to perfection, and were ably assisted by Mrs. Perry and Mrs. Douglas in their respective parts. A song by Mr. Garvie, who also officiated as chairman of the meeting, was well received.

The Makaweli Literary and Social Club again take the liberty of thanking Mrs. Morrison and the other ladies resident on the plantation for their kind assistance and for the toothsome refreshments which followed the program prepared for the evening.

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## KNOW A GOOD THING

When they see it. That is the reason why they patronize the Advertiser so liberally.

## THE ADVERTISER

Is alive, progressive, enterprising and abreast of the times. It is the best newspaper in Hawaii and has a larger circulation than any other paper, thus making it the

## ADVERTISERS' FRIEND.

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A place where they employ better workmen than we do? Or where the cost of repairing furniture is so reasonable? Has anybody ever had any work done by us that was not SATISFACTORY BOTH IN PRICE AND WORKMANSHIP?

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Think it over, you may have something in the house that needs touching up; if you think it will cost you a dollar, the chances are it will only cost you half that amount. Try it and see.

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Partial list per Amy Turner of Goods just received from New York.

Wheel Barrows,

Road Scrapers,

Ox Bows,

Hoe Handles,

Barbed Wire,

Asbestos Cement,

MATTOCKS,

Feed Cutters,

Lawn Mowers,

Forges,

Blacksmiths' Bellows,

Machinists' Drill, Vises,

Charcoal Irons,

Refrigerators,

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.

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IMPORTERS,

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Of Boston.

Etna Fire Insurance Company

Of Hartford.



The Above Cut shows one of Perkins' Galvanized Steel Mills, mounted on a Galvanized Steel Tower.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING POINTS OF ADVANTAGE:

THE WHEEL. The sections of the wheel are made with two-inch steel bands for outer and inner rims, and the sails are riveted to these rims at their outer and inner ends. Please note that the outer rim is not ten or twelve inches inside of outside ends of sails as is the case with other mills. Our plan of construction obviates the bending and breaking of the ends of the sails, a serious objection to most steel mills. To make the sails still more rigid we connect each sail, near the middle of its length, with the sail on each side of it, by means of bolts. The sails are of best cold rolled steel, and are of such size as to give us more wind surface than is found in any other mill of which we have knowledge. The sails are set at just the right angle and curved to give the maximum power.

THE RUDDER. Most careful attention is given to the construction of the rudder, making it firm, strong and thoroughly braced. The arms of the rudder are made of the best fire spring steel, which is better than angle or channel steel or gas pipe. Our truss rod brace will prevent the rudder from warping or swaying around against the wheel.

THE REGULATION. The governing device has made the Perkins mill very popular, and has been acknowledged by competitors to be the best, and would doubtless be used by all of them but for the expense of making the change. By our adjustment of the rudder we place the wheel square to the wind while at work and edgewise to the wind when at rest. The same long and short steel hinges are used to raise the rudder when mill is out of gear or at rest. This plan has proved so satisfactory that eleven companies have adopted it since our patents expired.

THE CASTING. The main casting of this mill has been carefully designed with a view to securing great strength and durability. In its construction only the best iron is employed. It is well adapted to its work.

THE BEARINGS. All the bearings of this mill are of liberal length and provided with our graphite bushings or self-lubricating box. These do not require oiling at all. In fact, we are now making mills with no oil holes in boxes.

THE OTHER PARTS. All of the remaining parts of this mill are made with good proportions, of the very best materials, and in the most approved manner.

THE SIZES. We make this mill in two sizes, viz., with ten and twelve foot wind wheels.

THE TOWER. The tower is made with four corner posts of angle steel, bands and braces of channel steel, all parts being fitted by template so that they fit exact, and all a workman needs to erect is a hammer, punch and wrench. The ladder is securely made and ready to bolt on tower. It is safe and far preferable to the short steps on corner posts used on most towers. The anchor post is five feet long, of good heavy angle steel, and a base eight to thirteen inches in diameter, according to the size of mill and height of tower, is cast on the end of same, serving the double purpose of a support under foot of tower and an anchor. Just at the top of ground we fasten a piece of 4x4 inch oak in angle of corner posts, letting it run down about two feet, to give it more size in the ground. The arrangement of the bands and braces is such that they support the corner posts at three different points, where other towers have but a single support, thus making our tower three times as secure against buckling in extremely strong winds. This plan was originated by us and is fully protected by patents.

Gould's Windmill Pumps of all sizes are furnished with the above mills. We have Steel Windmills 8, 10 and 12 feet diameter, also Wood Mills of 10, 12, 14, 16 and 18 feet diameter. We will furnish catalogues and descriptive matter to any one desiring information.

E. O. HALL & SON,

Agents Perkins' Windmill Co. & Gould's Manufacturing Co.

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DR. L. C. LANE, San Francisco DR. E. H. FLUNKER, San Francisco DR. W. H. HAYS, S. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum DR. E. H. WOOLSEY, S. P. Co., and Oakland Hospital. DR. E. A. McLEAY, San Francisco DR. W. H. THOMAS, San Jose DR. G. A. SHUMLEFF, Asst. Supt. State Insane Asylum. 1895-Cal



## FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE

Steamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco, Vancouver and Sydney on the following dates, till the close of 1895.

AT HONOLULU	LEAVE HONOLULU
FOR SAN FRANCISCO	FOR SAN FRANCISCO
OR VANCOUVER	OR VANCOUVER
On or about	On or about
Australia... Nov. 15	Warrimoo... Nov. 4
Mariposa... Nov. 21	Coptic... Nov. 6
Mowara... Nov. 24	Monwai... Nov. 14
Uptic... Nov. 28	Anstrair... Nov. 20
Warrimoo... Dec. 2	Warrimoo... Dec. 2
City Peking... Dec. 2	City Peking... Dec. 2
1896.	1896.
Mowara... Jan. 1	

## Meteorological Record.

BY THE GOVERNMENT SURVEY. PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

Day.	Bar.	Therm.	Wind.	Humid.	Cloud.	Dir.	Force.
Nov.	Bar.	Therm.	Wind.	Humid.	Cloud.	Dir.	Force.
Nov. 27	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Nov. 28	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Nov. 29	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Nov. 30	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 1	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 2	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 3	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 4	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 5	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 6	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 7	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 8	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 9	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 10	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 11	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 12	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 13	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 14	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 15	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 16	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 17	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 18	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 19	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 20	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 21	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 22	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 23	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 24	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 25	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 26	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 27	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 28	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 29	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 30	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3
Dec. 31	30.2	72.0	SE	85	100	SE	1-3

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for latitude.

## Time and Moon.

Day.	Time.	Moon.
Nov.	Time.	Moon.
Nov. 27	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Nov. 28	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Nov. 29	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Nov. 30	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 1	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 2	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 3	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 4	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 5	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 6	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 7	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 8	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 9	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 10	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 11	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 12	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 13	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 14	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 15	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 16	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 17	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 18	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 19	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 20	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 21	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 22	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 23	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 24	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 25	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 26	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
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Dec. 28	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 29	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 30	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.
Dec. 31	4:50 a.m.	12:42 p.m.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

## ARRIVALS.

(This list does not include coasters.)  
 Bktne S G Wilder, McNeil, San Francisco.  
 Am ship S P Hitchcock, Gates, San Francisco.  
 Ship Marie Hackfeld, Walters, Liverpool.  
 Bkt R P Rithet, Morrison, San Francisco.  
 Bkt Any Turner, Wardland, New York.  
 Bkt City of Adelaide, Williamson, Newcastle.  
 Bktne S N Castle, Hubbard, S F.  
 Bkt Spokane, Jamieson, Port Gamble.  
 Bkt Don Adolfo, Larsen, Newcastle.

## FOREIGN VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessels. Where from. One.  
 Br bk Alden Grove, Liverpool. Due  
 Ger bk J C Pfleger, Bremen. Due  
 Ger bk H Hackfeld, New York. Due  
 W H Dimond, S F. Due  
 S C Allen, S F. Due  
 O O S S Coptic, China. Nov 6  
 O O S S City of Peking, China. Dec 3  
 Bk Paul Isenberg, Liverpool. Dec 30

## VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Star W G Hall, Simerson, for Maui and Hawaii at 10 a.m.  
 Star Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Lahaina, Kailua and Punalua at 12 m.

## ARRIVALS.

FRIDAY, NOV. 1.  
 Star W G Hall, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii.  
 Star Likelike, Weisbarth, from Hawaii.  
 SATURDAY, NOV. 2.  
 Star Hawaii, Fitzgerald, from Hawaii.  
 Star Waimanalo, Calway, from ports on Oahu.  
 Star Lehua, Macaulay, from Molokai and Lanai.  
 Star J A Cummins, Nelson, from Oahu ports.

## DEPARTURES.

FRIDAY, NOV. 1.  
 Bark Ceylon, Calhoun, for Royal Roads.  
 MONDAY, NOV. 4.  
 Star Iwalani, Smythe, for Makawili.  
 Star Kaia, Thompson, for Oahu ports.  
 Star Lehua, McGregor, for Molokai and Lanai.  
 C A S S Warrimoo, Bird, for Vancouver.

## PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS.  
 From Hawaii and Maui, per star W G Hall, Nov. 1—Captain Leclair and wife, Jas W Lloyd, J J Ferguson and 2 children, E Kane, A N Krause, Dr Krystofovich, P Elliot, J Dow, J F Morgan, A W Keech, J W Kuinoku and 3 boys, M Kane, William Hering, J W Smith and daughter, Miss A M Paris, Mrs Nahauana, Miss Mabel Suter, Arthur Suter, Mrs Flippo, Miss Emeline Searie, Mr Van Camp, and 46 on deck.  
 From Hawaii and Maui, per star Likelike, Nov. 1—John Hind, C Scrimger, and 20 on deck.  
 From Kauai, per star Iwalani, Nov. 1—Paul Isenberg and wife, M Brash, D Oxley, C V Peters, and 6 on deck.  
 From Kauai, per star Mikahala, Nov. 3—W H Rice, Chas Rice, H W Schmidt, O H Bishop, J Gandali, a Gandali, Miss Gandali, C Fountain, Miss R Fountain, Miss N Palenakali, P A Diaz, Mrs Harlem, 2 Chinese, Joseph I, and 32 on deck.  
 From Maui and Hawaii, per star Claudine, Nov. 3—W H Corbett, O B Gray, Mrs J U Joseph, child and servant, J Waldo, H T Taylor, J Richardson and daughter, J H S Kaleo, wife and child, H S Badgett, wife and 3 children, S Ahmi, Archer, Tang Sun, Wong Sun, Keala, and 22 deck.  
 From the Colonies, per C A S S Warrimoo, Nov. 4—Mr Peairs.  
 From San Francisco, per bktne S G Wilder, Nov. 4—H B Keen, H H Mixer, Dr S G Tucker, wife and daughter, T Wilson, Dr Underwood, W J Sheridan.

## DEPARTURES.

For Makawili, per star Iwalani, Nov. 4—H P Payne, E Koppe, W McGowan.

## IMPORTS.

Per bktne S G Wilder, from San Francisco, Nov. 4—1200 tons general merchandise, 4 horses for the I S N Co, 3 for T H Davies & Co, and 1 for Dr Tucker.

BORN  
 KEIKI—In this city, to the wife of William Keiki, a son.

DIED.  
 BRODIE—At Waikiki, Honolulu, Saturday, November 2, 1895, John W. Brodie, a native of Canada.



DIAMOND HEAD, Nov. 4, 10 P.M.  
 —Weather, clear; wind, fresh N.E.  
 The S. G. Wilder is at the Nuuanu street wharf.

The Mikahala went on the marine railway yesterday.  
 The Mikahala will sail at 5 p.m. tomorrow on her usual route.

The Iwalani and Kaala sailed on their regular routes yesterday.  
 The Amy Turner began taking on the Helen Brewer's oil yesterday.

Delivery of freight from the Pacific Mail wharf was finished yesterday.

The bark R. P. Rithet will sail for San Francisco at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The S. P. Hitchcock hauled in to the Oceanic wharf from the stream yesterday.

The Port Surveyor's office, on the Oceanic wharf, is undergoing renovation.

About ten per cent. of the saki that came by the P. M. S. S. China was damaged.

The schooner Sarah and Eliza arrived from Oahu ports yesterday with a cargo of rice.

The barkentine S. N. Castle shifted to Allen & Robinson's wharf yesterday, where she took on sugar from the J. A. Cummins.

Particulars of a fire on the bark Elsinore at Levuka, Fiji, on 24th September put the damages at £6000. The Elsinore burnt furiously all day, broke in two, and sank in 20 fathoms. The repairing of the bark Ophir is being carried on at Levuka.

The barkentine S. G. Wilder arrived in port yesterday morning, 18 days from San Francisco with eight passengers, nine horses and 1200 tons of general merchandise. Experienced light winds during the first thirteen days; thence to port E.N.E. winds. Pleasant weather all the way, voyage uneventful.

Captain Bird assumed control of the C. A. S. S. Warrimoo again on her up trip. First Officer Arundel, who had charge of the vessel on her last trip to the Colonies, was left at Sydney. The under officers now stand as follows: J. W. Lawrence, formerly first officer of the Mowara, first officer; S. P. Phillips, second officer; S. Mortimer, third officer, and J. Hammond, fourth officer.

The R. M. S. Warrimoo, Bird commander, which arrived yesterday, reports having left Sydney at 4 p.m., October 21st, with fine weather and smooth sea to Suva, arriving at 5 a.m., the 27th. Left same date at 4:30 p.m., the 28th. Fine weather continued until crossing the equator on the 30th, when northeast trades set in very strong, with rain and heavy sea, delaying the ship's headway considerably until the 31st, when it moderated and remained fine to arrival at this port.

The administration of the Bureau Veritas has just published the list of maritime disasters reported during the month of August, 1895, concerning all flags. Sailing vessels reported lost: Nine American, 11 British, 1 Chilean, 1 Danish, 2 French, 7 German, 2 Italian, 9 Norwegian, 3 Russian, 1 Spanish, 3 Swedish; total, 49. In this number are included 4 vessels reported missing. The number of steamers reported lost are as follows: Eleven British, 1 Danish, 1 French, 1 German, 1 Greek, 1 Norwegian, 1 Swedish; total, 17. The causes of losses are: Sailing vessels—Stranded, 18; collision, 3; fire, 5; foundered, 2; abandoned, 6; condemned, 11; missing, 4; total, 49. Steamers—Stranded, 13; collision, 3; foundered, 1; total, 17.

One of the strange sights in the harbor of New York in this present day of the supremacy of foreign commerce, was the towing of two ships flying the stars and stripes up the East River on

Thursday last. The ships were the Paul Revere from Singapore, and the St. David from Hong Kong. Both ships were in hailing distance of each other. The Paul Revere was in tow of tug-boat Jack Jewett and Charm and the St. David was in tow of the tug-boats Wallace B. Flint and the N. B. Starbuck. Another strange coincidence was that the four tug-boats were commanded by four brothers, Capt. Ed. Charles, Walter, and David Brandon respectively.—Exchange.

## THE ELBE LOCATED.

But She is Too Far Down to be Reached by Divers.

The North German Lloyd Company has sent a professional diver to try and locate the wreck of the Elbe, and to report about the possibility of getting at bodies which may be still held in the wreck, and also to attempt to extricate what valuables might be gotten at. He reports the following: "We set out on the wrecking steamer Elise and hovered for almost two weeks around the spot where the Elbe sank. She lies listed to the port side at a depth of over 40 fathoms (240 feet); favorable results would, therefore, hardly be expected. In spite of this we tried our best to descend to the vessel, but among six professional divers, two Germans, two Frenchmen, and two Englishmen, not one could dive deeper than 170 feet. I attempted it once daily for six consecutive days, but when I got to the depth mentioned, which was the greatest depth reached by any on board, the pressure of the water upon my body was so powerful that it seemed to me all the air was pressed out of the body. It was difficult to breathe; the ears began to pain and bleed, and a numbness seemed to permeate the head, which I concluded was the beginning of waning consciousness. Since, with a diver attired in a scaphander suit, loss of consciousness would be fatal, the attempts to reach the Elbe had to be abandoned. From the deepest point I reached I could see the hull of the Elbe as through a fog. She is listed to the port side, and the masts and smokestacks could plainly be seen.

The Tramways Company.

At a meeting of the Hawaiian Tramways Company, held in London, England, recently the subject of changing the line from its present shape to an electric system was considered. It seemed to be the sentiment of stockholders that if they would be benefitted as well as the public there would be no objections to changing the line. There could not be anything done until the approximate cost of the line could be ascertained.

## Cutting in Kau.

A South Sea Islander named Nanuli, working for L. Chong, at Pahala, had a quarrel with a South Sea Island woman at Pahala on Wednesday last and slashed her with a knife. As soon as he saw the blood he got frightened and ran away to the hills. Deputy-Sheriff Yates started after him, but, up to the time of the departure of the Hall, the man had not been captured.

## Getting Ready to Leave.

Minister Hatch was busily engaged yesterday preparing the documents in the cases of claims of British subjects growing out of the revolution last January. These papers had to be completed before Minister Hatch could leave for his new post. A portion of his time was devoted also to assisting Attorney Davis in matters pertaining to his case.

## Minister Hatch.

Minister Hatch is closing up his affairs in the Foreign Office as rapidly as possible so as to leave here on the steamer sailing Wednesday. Minister Cooper will assume the duties of the office directly Minister Hatch departs. The clerks in the Foreign Office are working day and night in order to get through.

The wife of Mr. Leonard Wells, of East Brimfield, Mass., had been suffering from neuralgia for two days, not being able to sleep or hardly keep still, when Mr. Holden, the merchant there, sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and asked that she give it a thorough trial. On meeting Mr. Wells the next day he was told that she was all right, the pain had left her within two hours, and that the bottle of Pain Balm was worth \$5.00 if it could not be had for less. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by all dealers, BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

## EXPORTS FROM HONOLULU.

Shipmasters Say It Is Profitless to Bring Coal Here.

A report received at the U. S. Department of State from Consul-General Ellis Mills, stationed at Honolulu, on the diversion of trade from San Francisco to New York, says that during the six months ending June 30, 1894, the total exports from Honolulu to the United States were valued at \$5,001,538. For the corresponding period of this year merchandise valued at \$1,948,916 was shipped, a decrease of \$3,052,622. Until this year all the goods involved at Honolulu were consigned to San Francisco. During the six months ended June 30 last, out of \$4,949,916 worth of goods exported, \$1,132,341 worth of sugar was sent to New York by the way of Cape Horn, leaving the exports for the six months given to San Francisco \$3,817,575, as against \$5,001,538, for the corresponding period of 1894. The shipment to New York were all sugars consigned to the sugar refining companies of New York. The vessels carrying this sugar were all of large tonnage and carried good cargoes. In consequence of the diversion of this trade to New York, the number of American vessels leaving San Francisco in ballast shows a large increase over the corresponding period of 1894. During the six months of the year 1894, ended June 30, but 5 vessels cleared from Honolulu, in ballast while for the six months ended June 30, 1895, twenty-six vessels were unable to obtain cargoes. The vessels leaving in ballast came mostly from Puget Sound, with lumber, and from Newcastle, N.S.W., with coal. Heretofore these vessels have relied upon sugar for a return cargo at San Francisco. Even in some cases where cargo was obtained, they had to wait so long to leave with such a short cargo that the voyage was practically profitless. Mr. Mills says that he has been informed by some of the masters of the Newcastle vessels that they have decided to discontinue calling at Honolulu, as it is a profitless undertaking to bring coal there and leave for the Pacific coast with empty ships.

Mr. Davis Departs.

E. P. Davis, the Vancouver attorney, with his wife left for his home by the Warrimoo last night.

During Mr. Davis' stay here he examined all of the witnesses for the defense in the case of Cranston and Muller against Mr. Huddart, an owner of the S. S. Warrimoo, and Captain Bird of the same vessel. The testimony makes up several hundred pages of type-written copy and was sufficient to convince Mr. Davis that the men had no claim for damages.

## THE BEST TREATMENT FOR CHOLERA.

When promptly and properly treated a recovery is almost certain. This was fully demonstrated during the prevalence of Cholera in New York in 1866. Go to bed as soon as the first symptoms appear, remain as quiet as possible, and take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in double doses until the pain ceases, and then after each operation of the bowels more than natural. Send for a physician, but take this remedy in this way until he arrives. The remedy should be kept at hand ready for instant use. It should be taken within five minutes after the first symptoms appear. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the most successful medicine that has yet been produced, not only for the milder forms of bowel complaint, but for the most virulent forms of Asiatic Cholera. For sale by BENSON, SMITH & Co.

Six weeks ago I suffered with a very severe case of cholera. I was unable to speak. My friends all advised me to consult a physician. Noticing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised in the St. Paul Volks Zeitung I procured a bottle, and after taking it a short time was entirely well. I now most heartily recommend this remedy to any one suffering with a cold. Wm. KEIL, 675 S. Ely ave., St. Paul, Minn. For sale by all dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., agents for H. I.

Very Likely.

Wife—The baby has a troubleful look. I wonder what's the matter about it?  
 Husband—He's probably wishing we lived in Greenland, where the nights are six months long—Life.

## Notice to Creditors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY gives notice that she has been duly appointed by the Circuit Court, First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands, Administratrix of the Estate of WALTER HILL, late of Honolulu, deceased, and all debts due by said deceased, and all debts due by said deceased, must be presented to the undersigned, duly authenticated within six months from date hereof or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said deceased are hereby notified to pay the same immediately.  
 Dated at Honolulu, November 1st, 1895.  
 MARY ANN HILL,  
 Administratrix of the Estate of Walter Hill, deceased.

## Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been appointed Administrator of the Estate of CLARISSA E. CUMMINGS, deceased, by the Hon. W. A. Whiting, First Judge of the First Circuit.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased, to present their claims, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, or unsecured, and with the proper vouchers if any exist, to the undersigned, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned at his office at Kapiolani Hall, in Honolulu.  
 Dated Honolulu, July 29th, 1895.  
 W. H. CUMMINGS,  
 Administrator of the Estate of Clarissa E. Cummings.

## Notice to Creditors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Executor of the Estate of THOMAS SORENSON, late of Honolulu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Thomas Sorenson duly authenticated whether secured by mortgage or otherwise to the undersigned, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.  
 Dated Honolulu, November 1st, 1895.  
 KAREN SOPHIA SORENSON,  
 OLAF P. SORENSON,  
 Executors of the Estate of Thomas Sorenson, deceased.

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT.

First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.—At Chambers. In the matter of the Bankruptcy of PATRICK McNEERY.

ORDER OF PETITION ON BANKRUPTCY FOR DISCHARGE.

Upon filing and reading the petition of Patrick McNeery of Honolulu, alleging that more than six months have elapsed since he was adjudged bankrupt, and praying for a discharge from all his debts.  
 It is ordered, that MONDAY, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., Honolulu, at 10 a. m. of the day, at Chambers, be and the same is hereby appointed for the hearing of said petition, at which time and place all creditors who have proved their claims against said bankrupt may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said bankrupt should not be granted.  
 Witness my hand this 10th day of October, A. D. 1895.  
 By the Court: J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

## IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF

First Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

In Probate. In the matter of the Estate of MANUEL DA SILVA of Wailanae, Oahu, deceased, intestate.

On reading and filing the Petition of Carrie da Silva of Honolulu, alleging that Manuel da Silva of Wailanae, Oahu, died intestate at Wailanae, Oahu, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1894, and praying that letters of administration issue to F. W. McNeery.

It is ordered, that MONDAY, the 22nd day of DECEMBER, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition, in the Court Room of this Court, at Honolulu, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.  
 Dated Honolulu, H. I., November 1st, A. D. 1895.  
 By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS